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Horrible Diseases.
ny thousands of persons, both male there who are suffering out a miserable rom the effects of secret indulgences or absorbed into the system! Look at their aciated and disfigured faces and their wn constitutions, disqualifying them for ess of marriage or the enjoyment of life. rld situation thousands suffer until death ceene. Let parents, guardians, friends, at ose who are suffering with any of these fe-destroying maladies see that they are nd cured before it be too late. Send them ly to DR. GIBBON, a physician who has ie diseases his especial study for years, certain to cure the most inveterate case, ercury or any injurious drugs. It is im hose who are afflicted or to those who d in the welfare of their friends to be he many pretended doctors who infest ublishing their skill in curing all diseases ys, imposing upon the public by using of eminent physicians from Europe and Be therefore careful and make strict you may fall into the hands of those

Seminal Weakness.
missions, the consequence of self abuse, y vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, y the youth of both sexes to an almost xtent, producing with unerring certain wing train of morbid symptoms, unless by scientific medical measures, viz: Sa nance, dark spots under the eyes, pain nging in the ears, noise like the rustling d rattling of chariots, uneasiness about eakness of the limbs, confused vision ellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in strangers, a dislike to form new ac disposition to shun society, loss of ectic flushes, pimples and various erup the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, umption, night sweats, monomania and anity. If relief be not obtained should diately, either in person or by letter and effected by his new and scientific mode his disease, which never fails of effect and radical cure. DR. G will give One llars to any person who will prove sat him that he was cured of this com ber of the San Francisco quacks.

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ON is responsible, and will give to each tten instrument, binding himself to af l and permanent cure, or make a

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the San Francisco quacks and pre with bogus sworn-to certificates, dupe Some of the self-styled doctors, whose be found in the daily and weekly f San Francisco and other places, are nd became too lazy to work at their e agentsmiths, shoemakers, newspaper lligence office keepers, etc. The only imposition is to make inquiry—it will ing, and may save you many regrets. ising physicians in eight cases out of there is no safety in trusting any of u know who and what they are. Dr not deceive people by exhibiting bogus ates, pretended patients' letters, etc. ill satisfy persons who may call at his bility to treat diseases that he proposes

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distance may be CURED AT HOME a letter to Dr Gibbon, stating case, gth of time the disease has continued, dicines promptly forwarded, free from uriosity, to any part of the country plain directions. By inclosing Ten n registered letter through the Post gh Wells, Fargo & Co. a package of l be forwarded to any part of the ommunications strictly confidential ondents will please inform DR. GIB read his advertisement in the DAILY
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A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with ries in the science of reproduction, preventing This is an interesting work of 260 pages, ngravings, and contains valuable information married or contemplate marriage; still it is a be under lock and key, and not left carelessly Sent to any one (post paid) for Fifty Cents Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth St. St. Louis

CE IN BANKRUPTCY.
STRICT COURT OF THE UNITED the District of Oregon.—In Bankruptcy. atter of Henry C. Morrice, bankrupt. of America, District of Oregon, ss. A bankruptcy has been issued by said the estate of Henry C. Morrice of the tnomah, and State of Oregon, in said has been duly adjudged a bankrupt of his creditors, and the payment of the delivery of any property belong krupt, to him or to his use, and the y property by him are forbidden by ng of the creditors of said bankrupt debts and choose one or more As estate will be held at a Court of be holden at Portland in said Dis 5th day of April, A. D. 1875, at 11 the office of H. H. Northup (room Building) one of the Registers in said District.
DANIEL J. MALARKEY,
U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

ITED STATES DISTRICT COURT f Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy f C. B. Comstock & Co., Bankrupts y given that a petition has been filed by J. L. Scoggin, duly declared r the Act of Congress of March 2 harge and certificate thereof from nd liabilities and other claims provable act and that the twenty second day is assigned for the hearing of the H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bank ffice in Portland, in said District e any person may attend and show ey have, why the prayer of said pe t be granted.
R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.

TED STATES DISTRICT COURT— Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy. In acob Conser, bankrupt. Notice is t a petition has been filed in said Jacob Conser, duly declared bank Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for certificate thereof from all his ties and other claims provable un d that the twentieth day of April for the hearing of the same before Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his , in said District, when and where attend and show cause, if any they ayer of said petition should not be
R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.

ICT COURT OF THE UNITED District of Oregon.—In the matter o, bankrupts. I hereby give no d general meeting of the creditors g one of said bankrupts, will be of Portland, in said District, on April 1875, at 11 o'clock A. M. at Northup, Esq., Register in Bank istrict, for the purposes named in of the Bankrupt Act of March
JOHN CATLIN,
Assignee.

the matter of the Estate of Willard , deceased. All persons having e estate of Willard A. Holbrook by required to present the same vouchers attached to the under , at the office of F. R. Strong Building, in the city of Portland months from the date hereof.
RY H. HOLBROOK, Executrix.
8, 1875.
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Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XV.—NO. 59. PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Government Expedition to the Black Hills.

OMAHA, April 13.—Six companies of cavalry and two of infantry have been ordered from the railroad to the base of the Black Hills as an escort to the Government geologist, who will make a survey of that country. They expect to leave Fort Laramie on the 10th. The Government is promptly apprised of the many expeditions into this country and is prepared for them.

What the Indians Think of It.

Letters from the Red Cloud agency show that the Indians are fully aware of all that is being done in the matter and are much excited over it. The head warriors, who are really more powerful than the chiefs, are favorably inclined to disposing of the country between the two Cheyenne rivers for a good round consideration. In the event of its purchase, the head warriors will insist that the reservation be removed to the head of Tongue river at the base of the Big Horn mountain. The Indians are exceedingly anxious that a large number of their head chiefs and warriors should go to Washington and see the President and are pleased that the agent has been ordered to take them to Washington.

Fires.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., April 13.—The Washington House and three other buildings were burned last night. Loss, $150,000; partly insured.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 13.—A fire last night destroyed Bush & Co's Union elevator with a large amount of corn. Total loss on the building about $73,000; insurance, $23,000; loss on grain about $30,000.

More Trouble with the Spinners.

LOWELL, Mass., April 13.—The mule spinners in the Massachusetts, Prescott and Lawrence mills quit work last night, and to-night the mule spinners in all other mills will be discharged.

Col. Starbottle on the Stage.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Bret Harte has dramatized "Col. Starbottle" for Stuart Robeson the low comedian, by whom it will probably be produced in the Union Square Theatre.

The "Best Republicans" against the Worst Republicans.

BOSTON, April 13.—The Journal says the time has come for the President to announce his intention to retire from office at the close of the present term. A bold and manly denunciation of such purpose would revive the drooping spirits of the party. This feeling is entertained by the best Republicans of Massachusetts.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Gold closed at 114¾. Money ranged at 5@6 per cent., closed offered at 4. Governments active and slightly lower. Stocks dull and weak, except Erie which was active and higher. W U, 77⅛; Quicksilver, 20¼; Pacific Mail, 33¾; Wells Fargo, 87; N Y C, 101⅞; Erie, 32⅝; Panama, 12[illegible]; Union Pacific stock, 71¾; do Bonds, 99½.

An April Snow Storm.

NEW YORK, April 13.—A driving snow storm here all day and continued this evening. Dispatches from the interior of the State and eastern portions of Pennsylvania, say that snow had fallen to the depth of nine inches. The storm extended to Baltimore and Washington.

BOSTON, April 13.—A heavy snow fell here and throughout New England to-day.

Pleasure Yacht Capsized—Four Drowned.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 13.—By the capsizing of a pleasure yacht in the harbor, four out of eight persons aboard were drowned to-day.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Decision of the Secretary of the Interior.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Secretary of the Interior to-day decided that *bona fide* owners and holders of patents for lands located by Chippewa half breed scrip certificates are entitled upon surrendering these scrip patents and paying $2 50 per acre to receive new and unquestionable patents for their lands. The commissioner of the general land office is directed to issue the necessary instructions. This act is called forth by a decision of the supreme court of California that all patents founded on location of said scrip in California are void on their face, Congress having made it applicable only to lands ceded by Chippewa half breed Indians. Secretary Delano's decision is of general application, there being a large number of similar cases in the various Western States and Territories.

Patents will be issued to-morrow for Ranchos do Los Vergeles, comprising 8,759 acres, in Monterey county, James Stokes confirmee.

President and Cabinet go to the Lexington Centennial.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The President goes to New York Thursday morning and will be joined there by all the Cabinet except Attorney General Williams, and they will then proceed to Boston.

Decision on the Stamping of Bank Checks.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The solicitor of the treasury department, to whom the subject was referred has decided that the commissioner of internal revenue has the right to examine bank checks of any book or association to learn whether the law has been violated in respect to stamping such checks.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Burning of a Jesuit College.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Advices from South America by steamer to-day from Aspinwall state that the Jesuit college in Buenos Ayres has been completely burned, and that some of the ringleaders of the riot have been arrested. Three priests are known to have died. The Archbishop had returned to the city and the newspapers unanimously recommend him to resign and the minister of foreign affairs in a circular addressed to the legations abroad says the mob was headed by a Spanish priest. The number of killed does not exceed four, no priest being among them. There are, however, six priests wounded.

CANADA.

Sewing Machine Factory Burned.

GUELPH, Ont., April 13.—The Raymond Sewing Machine Co.'s factory is burned. Loss, $50,000.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Cholera in India.

BOMBAY, April 11.—Cholera is prevailing in the province of Oude.

International Congress on Weights and Measures.

PARIS, April 13.—The diplomatic conference upon the metrical system of weights and measures met [illegible]. The Governments of the United States, Brazil, Venezuela and the Argentine Republic are represented. It was resolved to establish an international bureau of weights and measures.

Proceedings in Parliament.

LONDON, April 13.—In the House of Commons this evening Sullivan wanted to know whether the law in regard to bearing arms in Ireland would in any way interfere with American riflemen who are coming to Ireland to take part in the international rifle match.

The chief secretary of Ireland replied that all classes would heartily welcome the American team this summer. The gentlemen from the United States who were to take part in the coming match were undoubtedly law abiding citizens. There was no reason to suppose they would break the law or be any more likely to render themselves liable to arrest than Scotchmen or Englishmen.

Sullivan insisting on a positive assurance so that there might be no misapprehension the chief secretary replied that there would be no interference with visitors, as it was well understood they had no intention of breaking the law, but if necessary a special arrangement would be made to secure their entire freedom of movement and exemption from the formal operation of the law.

The *Times* and *Daily News* having recently published certain documents which had been submitted to a select committee of Parliament on the South American bubble loans, a motion was introduced summoning the publishers of these journals to the bar of the house to answer for breach of privilege. The motion met considerable opposition but after a long debate on the liberty and responsibility of the press was adopted.

LONDON, April 13.—In the House of Commons to-night, Capt. Baillie Cochran moved that in the opinion of the House the international code conference to meet at St. Petersburg affords a favorable opportunity for England to withdraw her agreement to the declaration of Paris in 1856. Bourke, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, spoke against the motion and declared that England could not honorably withdraw from that declaration without the consent of the other parties who signed it. Her relinquishment of the right to seize enemies' goods on neutral vessels was doubtless a great concession but England was the gainer in the abolition of privateering, and in other respects he thought the revival of this question tended to no good results. On the contrary it was likely to raise other grave issues and if persisted in would render England liable to the charge of breach of faith. The motion was rejected 35 yeas to 261 nays.

A False Report.

The report in the Paris paper [illegible] yesterday that the Pope had made to Emperor Francis Joseph through his patriarch of Venice a strong remonstrance against the oppression of the church in Germany and that the Emperor had responded deploring the struggle and counseling prudence, is pronounced without foundation.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* says: "Persons convicted of the crime of polygamy are to be consigned to the Government prison at Detroit, Michigan. For their benefit, we will state that Congress at its last session passed a law that all prisoners of the United States, held for a longer period than six months shall, upon their discharge, be furnished by the warden of the prison with a plain suit of clothes and $5 in money."

THE TILTON-BEECHER CASE.

In the Beecher trial after recess [illegible] continued his testimony. At no time during the intercourse between Tilton and Moulton did [illegible] witness had any intimation of anything like the crime imputed to him [illegible] the time Redpath visited Tilton at Peekskill. This was the first intimation he ever received from Moulton or Tilton that he was accused of adultery with Mrs Tilton.

After the publication of the Bacon letter witness had a number of interviews with Moulton, [illegible] with Tilton, in which the Bacon letter and an address purporting to have been delivered by Dr Bacon to the theological class and the reply to it which Tilton was preparing [illegible]. Moulton was strongly opposed to Tilton writing any letter in reply to Bacon and [illegible] he would dissuade him from publishing it, that it would perhaps be best to let him write it out as he was easier to manage after he had [illegible] expend himself in writing. On this occasion witness first learned from Moulton that Tilton proposed to introduce in his reply to Bacon the substance of the letter of apology. Subsequently Moulton told witness of being over in New York with Tilton the evening previous at the house of a friend and that he (Moulton) and several other friends of Tilton's vainly tried to get him to suppress the letter and finding him determined to publish it Moulton set to work to induce him to eliminate some of the harsh expressions in the letter and succeeded in doing so. This was the first conversation he had with Moulton on the subject till after the letter was published. The letter was not before them at the time and witness never read the letter in his life that he could remember. The letter was not shown him. He was at Peekskill when it was published and telegraphed Moulton he would be in town next day, Friday, and meet him at witness' house. He came to town on the 2 P. M. train and on the way to his house called to see Cleveland and consulted him and took the first steps toward calling on the investigating committee. Moulton came to witness' house and they had a conversation of which he remembered but little as he made up his mind that Moulton could no longer be successfully a friend of both himself (witness) and Tilton. At this time Moulton brought with him the Carpenter article for witness to sign. Witness told him he was going to have some friends at his house that evening and would consult them and see Moulton again. Moulton urged witness to sign this card and have it published and said Tilton had said in the presence of a witness if Beecher would publish that he would be content, and Moulton added that if he would sign it he would burn every document he had, and if [illegible] "I ever undertook to [illegible] again I'll [illegible]" he would turn against him [illegible] would mash him. Moulton spoke many times to witness of his power over [illegible]. Said he could grind him to powder. Witness absolutely refused to sign this document of which the following is the gist: "This church and community are [illegible] deeply interested through the recent publication by Theo Tilton in answer to D. Leonard Bacon of New Haven. It is true that I have committed an offense against Theo Tilton and giving [illegible] offense the force of his construction. I made an apology and reparation such as both he and I at the time deemed full and necessary. I am convinced that Tilton has been goaded to his defense by misrepresentations or misunderstandings of his position toward him. I shall never be a party to the reopening of this question which has been settled as between Theodore Tilton and myself. I have committed no crime and if this society believes its duty to be that I should reopen this already too public subject or resign I will resign."

Beecher was not questioned with regard to what have been called the West charges. He testified that he never was given a copy of them but he knew at the time the general ground they covered.

Evarts read from Tilton's testimony his relation of an interview with Beecher in which he told him that West had said to him (Tilton) when he first brought the charges against him he thought he had really slandered Beecher but he had looked into the matter and now thought Beecher was guilty. Witness couldn't remember any such conversation.

Evarts read from Moulton's testimony a purported interview with Beecher in which he related a conversation had with Gen Tracy as to the force and effect of the foregoing card and witness was asked if he remembered such a conversation. He could not recollect whether it ever occurred or not. Witness' objection to signing the card was that after the publication of the Bacon letter nobody could understand the offense or everybody was at liberty to understand it as they pleased—certainly that it was that he had made improper advances to Mrs Tilton, and he wouldn't stand that. He would agree to no such statement. Witness was then asked to give an account of the proceedings of the church meeting in reference to these charges. He said a meeting was called to receive and act upon the report of the examining committee. That report was substantially that Tilton's name should be dropped from the rolls. Tilton appeared at the meeting and asked permission to speak which was granted and he took the position that he was not a member of the church but did not slander its pastor and if they had any charges to make against him he would like to have them made there or words to that effect. Witness then made a few remarks saying in reference to what Tilton had said that whatever differences had existed between Tilton and himself had been honorably adjusted and were so far as he (witness) was concerned buried. That he had no charges to make against Tilton and believed Tilton had none to make against him. Tilton remained until after the vote was taken and was congratulated by a number of the witness' warmest friends on the successful termination of the difficulty. Witness never stated to Tilton that he could control his church that they would do whatever he wished them to.

Evarts produced a statement presented by Beecher to the investigating committee last summer and it was identified by the witness as one he wrote and the one he spoke of to Redpath at Peekskill and that he had read a portion of it to Moulton before sending it to the committee. Evarts then read the statement and asked witness if at the time he read portions of it to Moulton the latter had said he believed he could induce Tilton to withdraw his statement if he expressed to him fully the ground that witness took in regard to it because he (Moulton) could not see that Beecher could do anything more unless he confessed absolutely the crime he had committed against Tilton and his family. Witness replied that nothing of the kind was said neither did witness say in reply to Moulton's remark that he could induce Tilton to withdraw his statement that he hoped he could; that if Tilton published the whole facts as he threatened it would ruin him (Tilton) and kill witness. Beecher replied that there was no such conversation.

Evarts read from Moulton's testimony the report of the conversation with Beecher in which Moulton asked if there was no member of the investigating committee besides Tracy to whom either Moulton, witness or Tracy could tell the whole truth so that they might know how to shape their course. Beecher replied that there was no one. Moulton asked if Sage couldn't be told, and Beecher replied "No, it would kill him." Evarts asked if anything of that kind occurred. Witness said "No, they had a conversation but nothing of this kind occurred. What did occur was substantially this—Moulton said he thought the committee could be managed so that there should not be a direct clash between Tilton and me finally, or something to that effect and he wanted to know whether there was not somebody in that committee whom I could introduce him to and with whom he could talk and whom he could influence in the matter. I said I didn't think there was. He mentioned Sage's name. I told him he was the last man I thought in the committee he could influence or would; that Sage loved me, I believed, as well as he did his own life, but he was not the man who on that account would swerve from the task which had been imposed upon him, that he meant business and that the whole committee meant business. I meant to have them transact the business. I told him the committee was appointed after all other things had failed and there was nothing for me but that or resignation, and that I was determined to have it. I had appointed a committee of men that would stand before the community unimpeachable, and yet who had not been mixed up with my heated discussion in the church and who would undertake to look at this whole question with a judicial investigation. I told him my purpose [illegible]."

Evarts read from Moulton's testimony a statement of a conversation with Beecher [illegible] in which Moulton [illegible] urged upon Beecher to send Mrs Tilton back to her husband, and that Beecher replied that it could be arranged if [illegible] was fixed up properly.

Evarts asked if he ever had any such conversation with Moulton. Witness replied "I did not. [illegible] Nothing of the kind [illegible]."

[illegible] Mrs Tilton [illegible] presenting [illegible] to the investigating committee [illegible] Mrs Tilton [illegible] August 1871 [illegible] Butler [illegible] Moulton [illegible] Beecher.

Adjourned. The direct examination of Beecher will probably be finished to-morrow.

NEW YORK, April 13.—In the Beecher trial to-day notwithstanding the storm of snow and sleet an unusual crowd and the usual proportion of women were in attendance. Beecher continued his testimony. H. B. Bowen [illegible] a member of the family of Edward Bowen. He was only a boy [illegible] witness that Tilton was willing to make a statement before the investigating committee which would exclude the charges of adultery between him and Mrs Tilton. Moulton did say Tilton was incensed because his wife had been before the committee.

Moulton [illegible] $5,000 [illegible] witness for Tilton [illegible] one. Witness replied he had [illegible] should deny it. Witness had told Oliver Johnson about it on the occasion of Johnson's saying he had heard remarks about [illegible] having been told [illegible] $5,000.

Witness' attention was called to a card published in the Brooklyn *Eagle* in 1872 and he was asked how it came to be published. He said it was prepared by Mr Cleveland to correct the publication in the New York *Sun* of a visit of Challis and Bowen to Mrs Woodhull. When he prepared his card he took it to Moulton and talked it over with him. He told me there ought to be a little [illegible] matter which he said should be inserted. The suggestion of the card was not from Moulton but from Mr Cleveland. I now asked Moulton if Tilton would produce any documents nor did he say he would or would not in addition to the three letters. I received the fourth enclosing a note from Mrs Isabella Hooker. I am not able to tell the date of that letter. It was with reference to meeting the New York wing of the woman suffrage movement to be held in Steinway Hall. I never said to Tilton that the publication of the story would kill me. I said that I could not bear it after the publication of the tripartite agreement. I never said to Moulton that if Tilton published the letter it would be my death. I said it was a charge no clergyman could stand up under and I would fight it to the end. Moulton never said Tilton was opposed to the publication of my [illegible], nor did he say Tilton was angry at me about it and threatened to shoot me. Moulton never told me I had told Woodruff and Johnson of my relations with Mrs Tilton. Never told me I told [illegible] Baxter and others in the matter. He did say he told Baxter that if my life was not a denial of the Woodhull scandal then character was worth nothing. He never said to me he had [illegible] or in his statements he had made for me he had spoken falsely. I never read any work of the younger Dumas. One summer I read works of the elder Dumas—that series of which "The Three Musketeers" and the "Twenty Years After" form a part.

I never received or asked any improper favors from Mrs. Tilton from December 1st, 1870 until now and I never had any sexual intercourse with her during that period. From my first acquaintance with Mrs Tilton until now I never asked or received any improper favors from her nor had any sexual intercourse with her. There has been nothing of the kind answering those questions ever between us. Tilton never used to me or in my presence any language or intimation that there had been criminal relations between Mrs Tilton and myself. In relation to imputations or intimations in regard to this matter I never said to Tilton the blame lay only with myself or that I was the guilty one and should suffer. Moulton never made any accusation or imputation of sexual intercourse between me and Mrs Tilton.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

This concluded the direct examination and the cross-examination was begun by Fullerton. Witness said: "I have no custom of kissing a book with uplifted hand. When I was before the grand jury I presume I swore on the Bible. I did not say I had any conscientious scruples against taking an oath in this matter. I don't remember swearing on the Gospel in answer to the complaint in this case. The oath was administered to me in New Hampshire and whatever is the form of oath there I took it. In January, 1871, Mrs Beecher may have been gone. I recollect by Mrs Moulton's note to my wife and myself of meeting Mrs Beecher in Florida. I cannot tell exactly the time Mrs Beecher left for the South."

Witness here examined his book of dates. "I do not see any entry of it here. I think she returned in May. During two absences of my wife Mrs Perkins, my sister, kept house for me. I do not think Mrs Beecher was ever absent in the South when I had a housekeeper.

I did not hear of Tilton falling from his orthodox faith until quite lately. As early as 1867 I heard of his becoming loose in his religious notions. There were some of his articles in the *Independent* which spoke of the catholicity of the paper. I thought the policy of the paper was not orthodox. I did not approve of the articles. I don't recall of having been brought to my mind any article by him discussing a doctrinal question. Judging from what I heard of the effect of his teachings on the public mind I should not have said that I thought him to be a safe teacher of doctrinal matters. The *Independent* was in some sense a religious but not a theological paper. When the paper came into Tilton's hands it fell from teaching doctrinal truths. I regarded him as being in a transition state and holding imperfect views. I first heard of his wife's complaining of his religious views as early as 1865 or 1866. She consulted me about him as being a safe person to bring up children under. About 1869 I regarded his doctrine of the divinity of Christ as loose and almost heretical. I thought if he was at the head of a theological paper he was the last man who should be there, but if it was a paper including Christian ethics he might do."

Fullerton read from witness' published statement with regard to the storm of indignation called forth in the West by the views expressed by Tilton in the *Independent*. The witness continued: "I remember this and it is true. I indignantly disclaimed any connection with the articles and received a very severe letter from my brother Edward on the subject. The *Advance* was only started in Chicago and partly to supersede the *Independent*. This statement was the only speech which left out the multitude of other matters from it. I did not investigate Tilton's teachings with regard to marriage and divorce. I believed he had enlarged the causes for divorce and made them so loose as to be mischievous. I was informed he held the doctrine of divorce so positive as to make it highly dangerous. I did not believe in his doctrines and never read his articles. The question of whether he was fit for a normal teacher did not come before my mind. He was not unfit in my mind to conduct a large paper. I believed that these views of Tilton in regard to divorce were very crude and I judged they were pernicious. In regard to this Mrs Tilton did not say much to me in the conversation I had with her. I took Mrs Tilton out on two occasions to ride I think in the early part of 1870. They were in each instance in a buggy. I don't remember if on these occasions we alighted from the buggy. We went on both occasions to the park. I don't recollect going to Greenwood on one of these occasions. I don't recollect the details of these rides. I think before these we had some rides but in what year I could not say. I have no recollection whatever nor where I got the carriage and who the driver was. I do not remember taking her when one or another of the children accompanied us in 1870. Don't remember of taking her out in a closed carriage or of her entering or leaving a carriage at any other place than at her own house. She was never at Peekskill. I have a dim recollection of visiting a photograph gallery with her but can't remember the circumstances of that visit. Can't recall the occasion. I have fixed the date of my first visit to Mrs Tilton's in 1870 by investigation. I received a note from her at Peekskill. I have not the note and suppose it is destroyed and gone. I have not seen it since. She said in it she was sick. I had business in the city and came down to see her at the same time. During my vacations I visited sick parishioners when they sent for me. I found Mrs Tilton that day lying on a lounge in the second story reception room. I called next day to see her before I returned to Peekskill. I have searched my house for letters from Mrs Tilton but have found none. I never returned her any of her letters nor did she return any to me. On the second day a scrap of paper was put down to me by Mrs Tilton. I did not keep it. I am not a preserver of documents."

The court took a recess.

After recess the cross-examination of Beecher was resumed. He was asked in relation to his first visit to Mrs Tilton in 1870 when Mrs Morse [illegible] Bessie Turner for him to consult with Mrs Tilton in reference to leaving her husband and repeated the story of Bessie Turner coming to his house and delivering her message and telling him of Tilton's abuse of his wife and ill treatment of her. Bessie's little narrative to witness was told modestly and with a downcast air. He believed her story true as one believes anything he has not verified. He was of course shocked at her story. He could not remember whether Bessie Turner ever came to him twice or not, though he had the impression she came twice. He could not recall it so as to be able to say so positively. Up to this time his relations with Tilton could not be called intimate though they were externally friendly and so far as witness was concerned this friendship was sincere. He felt friendly toward him—he had his best wishes. He could not recall having seen Tilton for over six months previous to December 1870. There had been no ill feeling between them, no open rupture. Witness' interview with Mrs Tilton at her mother's was a memorable one and impressed itself on his mind but it didn't follow that he could be able to give full particulars of it. He would try to give the substance of the interview. He began the interview by expressing regret that there had been any occasion for [illegible] and that any disagreement had occurred between Tilton and his wife. Mrs Morse did most of the talking, and said her daughter had lived very unhappily with her husband, was subjected to great cruelties [illegible] that life with him had become unbearable and she had come to the conclusion she had better leave him. Mrs Morse somewhat [illegible] but could not remember her language. He could not remember any specific charges of cruelty made by Mrs Morse against Tilton [illegible] charge [illegible] failure [illegible] Witness [illegible] but could not do so. He could recall that Mrs Morse said Tilton had charged her with improper conduct. Mrs Tilton sat by during the interview with Mrs Morse, but said little [illegible] acquiescence [illegible] mother's [illegible] recall as [illegible] word [illegible] Mrs Tilton said about her husband [illegible] couldn't remember. The conversation was with Mrs Morse first and Mrs Tilton afterward. He saw his wife alone. Nothing occurred as the result of this interview before witness left except that he prayed with them. His wife and he promised to consult and let them know the result. They did converse on the matter on their way home. He told her that it was not best to break up the family. She inclining from what had been told her and which he hadn't heard that Mrs Tilton ought not to continue to live with her husband and witness subsequently came to agree with her. Mrs Beecher didn't tell him the details of what Mrs Tilton had [illegible] of the conversation with Mrs Morse. He [illegible] he had great [illegible]. There had been up to this time [illegible] Beecher and Mrs Tilton [illegible] terms [illegible] conversation with Mrs Tilton [illegible] the second visit [illegible] the following [illegible] letter of Mrs Morse to him in 1871 [illegible] did not think for a moment when I stated to Mrs Beecher [illegible] he knew it [illegible] there with [illegible] misunder[illegible] what do you say [illegible] Witness [illegible] directed Mrs Morse to keep quiet [illegible] could not explain the language of the letter though when he received it he undoubtedly understood it. This letter was carried or sent to Moulton [illegible] couldn't tell whether [illegible] enclosure [illegible] writing [illegible] Moulton's [illegible] the receipt of the letter pinned to his [illegible] was the 6th of January, 1871. He could not tell to what call the letter referred. About this time he understood [illegible] Mrs Tilton [illegible] could not recall that [illegible] call but had [illegible] effect was [illegible] probably [illegible] after the 10th of December 1870 but how long after he could not say [illegible] Tilton after this he could not remember. He would not say he did not call; he could only say he did not remember calling.

Fullerton read from Mrs Morse's letter in reference to the request she left at his house over a week ago and asked witness if he recollected what that request was. He replied that he couldn't and didn't know that he ever received one. Fullerton read further from the letter a passage stating that Tilton had taken Bessie and other servants away and left his wife without coal &c, and that Mrs Tilton had not seen any one and Tilton said she was mourning for her sins. Witness didn't know what interpretation to put on it. He didn't understand what Mrs Morse meant by referring to this recent and most crushing of all troubles. He could not recall how he interpreted it at the time. He didn't understand at the time what it was. Tilton had as Mrs Morse stated in the letter told at least twelve persons and these had told others. He didn't recollect that he complained to Moulton that Tilton told this crushing trouble to twelve persons nor that Tilton was sent for to ascertain if he told the story to twelve persons. He didn't remember that this clause of the letter was the subject of conversation with Moulton and Tilton. [illegible] name of Martha Bradshaw and Oliver Johnson. Witness couldn't remember it. He was asked if he knew who she referred to and replied that he could not make a theory of it. Fullerton replied that he had no doubt he could but he didn't want theories. He wanted an answer as to whether he knew what she meant. He replied that he had only an opinion. He didn't know a servant in Tilton's employ named Kate Carey and could not recollect ever seeing Joseph H Richards at Tilton's house though he had a distinct recollection of seeing him, nor did he remember any conversation about Tilton's having told this story to eighty persons. He presumed that on the receipt of the letter he understood what Mrs Morse meant by this most crushing of all trouble [illegible]. He presumed he knew what Mrs Morse meant by saying Tilton [illegible] as soon as the breath leaves her body he will make this whole thing public and [illegible] prospect is one thing I think which keeps her alive. He had no recollection of the occasion that he was visiting Mrs Tilton and Richards came and opened the door, but he couldn't swear he didn't. He knew what Richards testified to and had no recollection of the scene he described but wouldn't swear such scene occurred. He was in the habit of visiting Mrs Tilton in her husband's absence, how often he could not tell. Could not say how many times he visited her there during 1870. Did not think Mrs Tilton ever showed him any letters she wrote her husband but was not certain. Did not recall a certain one to which Mrs Tilton referred to in one of her letters to her husband which Fullerton read. Did not remember whether on this occasion he kissed her; would not say he didn't. He was in the habit of kissing her when he had been absent any considerable time. He kissed her as he would any of his own family. Fullerton didn't want to know how he kissed her, but if he kissed her. He replied he did sometimes when he went to the house in the absence of her husband and sometimes he didn't. He was asked what prevented him upon occasions when he didn't kiss her, and replied that it might be the children were there then, and it might be she didn't seem in the humor to greet him that way. He didn't purposely avoid kissing her in the presence of servants or children. He didn't remember ever kissing her in Florence's presence but might have. Fullerton read from a letter of Mrs Tilton to her husband in which speaking of Beecher's visits said they caused her cheek to flush with pleasure. Witness had sometimes noticed these signs of pleasure in Mrs Tilton but didn't construe that as an indication of any undue affection for him but thought it proper and right. He had walked out with her on occasions other than those spoken of on direct examination. Remembered going with her to see a picture of Tilton. Don't remember whether Tilton was home or not. He was not in the habit of visiting her when he was away from home. Only remembered writing her once and that was when she was in Marietta. Kept no copy of the letter. Didn't remember writing to her in Monticello, but if she said he did it was true. Was in Brooklyn on the 10th and 11th of October. He did not recollect that he called at his house on the 7th of October but would not swear he didn't. Didn't recollect calling on her at her house on the 10th of October, but couldn't swear that he didn't. Witness then related the story of Bowen's visit to him on the 26th December when he brought Tilton's letter demanding Beecher's resignation and said it excited a feeling that Tilton was crazy. He did not know of any justifying cause for the demand and felt indignant at it. He took no means to find out what was meant by the letter. He then related the circumstance of Moulton coming to him with the request from Tilton to meet him at Moulton's house and of his going. He was surprised that the man who had sent him an insulting letter should a few days after send him a rather peremptory message to come and see him at the house of a stranger. He thought the man who would send such a letter would send just such a message. He determined to go and see what he wanted. He knew Moulton was an intimate friend of Tilton but it didn't occur to him whether he knew the business Tilton had with him or not. Couldn't say why he didn't ask Moulton what Tilton wanted but only knew he didn't. Moulton's manner when called was gentlemanly but seemed impressed with the idea that he was on an important errand. He saw no extraordinary evidences of excitement on the part of Moulton. Witness repeated the former account of Moulton's walk with him to see Tilton, but he denied emphatically that in reply to his question Moulton said Tilton wanted to see him in reference to his (Beecher's) relations with Mrs T. Didn't say he wanted to see him about domestic difficulties. He didn't remember giving any reason for leaving his prayer meeting that night nor telling any one where he went.

The Tribune Explaining the Cross-Examination.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The *Tribune* to-morrow will allude to Beecher's cross-examination to-day as follows: The cross-examination by Fullerton took a wide range and for the first two hours was rather rambling and confusing to the audience [illegible] to the witness. His first determined effort was an elaborate attempt to draw Beecher into an unqualified condemnation of Tilton's teaching as editor of the *Independent* and an admission that knowing that he denied the divinity of Christ and was otherwise loose in his views on orthodox doctrine and had indeed foreshadowed his views on marriage and divorce the witness held him unfit to be the head of the paper. This was done with the intention as subsequently developed of asking Beecher how he had come to place and sustain such a person at the head of a paper of which he was himself the nominal editor. Mr Beecher evaded the point by saying that he looked upon Tilton as a young mind passing through a state natural to all young reflective minds when their old religious beliefs give way to new ones. He didn't think Tilton was an unfit person to conduct such a paper as the *Independent* which he described in a very humorous way as a secular and in some sense a religious paper. Fullerton then tried to commit Beecher to a positive statement as to when in 1871 Mrs Beecher had left Brooklyn for the South. He could not fix it more definitely than early in the year. The purpose of this was not seen until late in the day when Fullerton read a letter from Beecher dated January 1871 to Mrs Morse in which he spoke of Mrs Beecher and him [illegible] a quiet course [illegible] the wisest. The idea of Fullerton was doubtless to show that [illegible] Mr Beecher was a party to the communication but it was not shown [illegible] Mrs Beecher had left Brooklyn for the South at this time. The designs [illegible] visits at her house [illegible] between minister and parishioner and many other minor matters of like import were made the subject of telling and minute inquiries. Fullerton then plied the centre of the case. He asked Beecher to tell the incidents of Bessie Turner's visit to him, his conference with Mrs Tilton and his advice to her to separate from her husband, the visit of Bowen December 26th, the dictating letter of Tilton and the interview with Moulton which led up to the scene of December 30th and final accusation by Tilton. Beecher gave these in detail as he had done before, with few interruptions. The descriptions in no material sense differed from the direct testimony but was not in the same form of construction or similarity in language.

Mrs Tilton's Evidence to be Received!

NEW YORK, April 13.—The *Tribune* says it is probable no objection will be made to the reception of Mrs. Tilton's testimony which the defense will probably offer next week. Morris of the counsel for Tilton stated yesterday that plaintiff's counsel would not object to the reception of her testimony and Judge Neilson has already indicated his willingness to admit it if both sides agree.

Beecher's examination will certainly close this week and then Thursday and either Cleveland or Mrs Tilton will then be placed on the stand.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

A Horrible Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—About 1 o'clock this morning a young man giving his name as Frederick Brandenburgh was brought to the city prison hospital in a dying condition, and soon after expired. From what could be gathered from him in his exhausted condition and from the statement of the officers who discovered him it seems he was found under a large pile of lumber on Stewart street near Folsom. The lumber was piled on skids leaving barely room for the man to crawl under. The only place of access to his prison had been closed up several days ago by other heavy lumber being piled against that under which he was lying. The officers heard groans proceeding from the vicinity and after considerable search were able to locate the whereabouts of the man. They were obliged to tear up the planking of a drive way on one side of the lumber pile to reach him. Brandenburgh stated he had been under there nine days. Making allowance for this statement it is probable that he had lain there at least a week as it is about a week since the entrance to the place was closed by the adjacent lumber pile. It is supposed he crawled under there to sleep being either sick or intoxicated and was shut in before awakening. He was in a terrible state of filth and emaciation. He came here within the last year from Philadelphia, where his father Matthias Brandenburgh resides at No 6 St Charles place. Since his arrival here he has led a dissipated life. He was a young man of about 18 years of age.

Death from Injuries.

Charles Lawson, injured on board the steamer *Montana* yesterday by a fall of the hoisting machinery, died at the county hospital last night.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—Ophir 9; Mexican 26; G & C 18½; B & B 63; Savage 130; Chollar 61½; H & N 13; Crown Point 41½; Yellow Jacket 89; Imperial 9; Empire Mill 64; Kentuck 17½; Alpha 22½; Belcher 37½; Confidence 22; Con Va 111; S Nevada 12½; California 65½; Bullion 51½; Justice 110; Overman 62; Union Con 8; Lady Bryan 6½; Julia 7½; Caledonia 21; Knickerbocker 1½; Globe 1; Baltimore 8½; Utah 5; S Hill 10½; Rock Island 5½; New York 3; Occidental 8½; P Sheridan 1; [illegible] Tyler 62; Seg Belcher 167½.

LATER—2d BOARD.—M Valley 8; R & L 1½; Eureka Con 31; Pioche 1½; Am Flag 2½; Pioche West 2; W & C 1½; Belmont 4; Rye Patch 1½; Chief Hill 10c; Eldorado South 1; M Belmont [illegible]; Prussian 2½; Jefferson 7; Leopard 11; Eureka G V 9; G Chariot 7½; Elmore 1; Mahogany 2; S Chariot 1½; War Eagle 1½; Poorman 4; Alta 4½; Woodville 2½; Mint 50c; Kossuth 2¼; O G Hill 2½; Andes 6½; Wells Fargo 50c; N Carson 50c; Niagara 70c; Cosmopolitan 27c; Leviathan 1½; Prospect 2½; Pioneer 1½.

Greenbacks—87½ buying; 88 selling.

UTAH.

Insubordination among the Saints.

SALT LAKE, April 12.—Hiram B. Clawson, who was declared elected superintendent of Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution by Brigham Young on Saturday last, to-day demanded that the books, papers, and business be turned over to him as such superintendent. He was refused by Wm. Jennings, vice president of the institution, on the ground that he (Clawson) was not legally elected. Brigham Young then ordered that Clawson be put in immediate possession, Jennings firmly refusing for the reason stated, saying Brigham had no right of appointment in the premises. There is considerable comment in mercantile circles.

OREGON.

The wheat in Polk county is reported to be growing splendidly.

Salem has voted a three mill tax to support her public schools. Her people are characterized by their liberality in educational matters.

A citizen of Lost valley killed three cougars at one shot, as we are credibly informed. We think that is the best shot ever made in Oregon.

The police reports of the Salem city court are growing more voluminous. The latest is the case of a man who, the *Record* says, was fined $2 50 for trying to drink the Wallamet dry.

The head cook and the baker in a Salem hotel got into a street fight last Sunday evening and the baker beat the cook over the head severely with a revolver and then fled the city.

The house of Millard Stevens near Newsom's bridge in Marion county, was burned down on the 31st ult. As some money which was in the house, before the fire, could not be found afterward, and from other circumstances, it is thought the fire had an incendiary origin. Three young men who lived together in the house lost about $500.

A letter from Hon. W. R. Dunbar, dated Summer, Coos county, informs the *Statesman* that he organized a Lodge of Good Templars at that place on the 7th inst. with 30 charter members. The following officers were installed: Charles Bailey, W C T; Ida L. Bunnell, W V T; John Brigham, W S; William G. Hill, P W C T, Lodge Deputy.

From the *Messenger* we learn that the trustees met last Saturday evening and donated a handsome building lot for the new church that is soon to be erected there. Monmouth has for a long time been in need of a suitable place for worship and its need will ere long be fully supplied, as we learn that steps are being taken to push the new enterprise forward to completion.

The *Messenger* says: "Mr. W. D. Fenton of Salem has been elected by the Hesperian Society of Monmouth College to deliver their annual address for them. It seems that the Vespertines and Philosophians are going to join in one grand exhibition. By this means there will be only two exhibitions instead of three, which will be better for all parties. Signs point to jolly times in June."

A Christian church was organized at Independence on the first Sunday in April. Rev. H. M. Waller was present according to appointment and made a discourse on Christian union. Ten were immersed immediately after the discourse and at six in the evening the organization was effected, with thirty three members. A sermon was preached at the close of which there were eleven additions. Monday evening there were nine. Tuesday evening there were seven more, making the membership fifty five.

W. W. Brooks gives the *Record* his recipe for curing scab in sheep. He says: "As soon as I sheared them I took a box of tobacco weighing twenty pounds, and boiled it in water enough to dip them all over except the head. I used a box to dip in that I scalded hogs in. I had some boards laid with one end on the box and the other raised so as to run the amber back into the box, then let two men take hold of the sheep, one at the fore legs and one at the hind legs, and dip them in and lay them on the boards and then drain so as to save the amber. Dip lambs and all. One dip is enough."

Judge McFadden writes to the Olympia *Standard* the following: "There are some $11,000 standing to the credit of the Territory in the ordnance department of the government for which arms should be drawn and placed in the hands of the settlers in the border counties. Every spring there is a cry over anticipated Indian outrages, and that the people have not the means to protect themselves. It will cost the Territory nothing to have these arms delivered either in Olympia or at Walla Walla. The government pays all expenses and any kind of arms can be ordered."

PORT JERVIS.

THRILLING DESCRIPTION OF THE SCENES OF THE GREAT [illegible] ON WEDNESDAY—EXCITING INCIDENTS.

Port Jervis Correspondence New York Herald.

At 6 o'clock this morning the alarm was given as it had been concerted between the authorities and the people that danger was imminent, and notice was given to the people to leave Germantown, the most exposed point. Assistance was given to many invalid and infirm persons. But a little later the same alarm was given in Port Jervis and the real excitement of the day began in the bustle and hurry and rush of the people in the jammed streets to get away and save their little property.

Soon after 7 A. M. the advancing avalanche reached the iron bridge across the Delaware at the point called Sawmill Rift. At this moment a locomotive under charge of Division Superintendent Thomas came down the railroad track, whistling with all its might of sound, thus warning the people that no time was to be lost in reaching places of safety. As the locomotive came into Port Jervis some half a dozen other locomotives sent forth a shrill scream that defies description.

FLIGHT FOR SAFETY.

In less than fifteen minutes over 2,000 persons were on the streets and in half an hour Pike street, leading down to the suspension bridge, was black with the throng. Soon wagon after wagon came rattling down on the flats and such a tumbling out of furniture from the various houses was never before witnessed in Port Jervis. Here and there could be seen men hurrying along loaded down with goods, women running with children, all seeking a place of safety. The hillsides were lined with spectators, while the continual shrieking of the numerous locomotives and the ringing of bells added to the confusion and sent terror into the hearts of many. Soon the housetops were crowded with people. On the roof of the Delaware House stood dozens with field-glasses taking observations and watching the bend at Germantown.

AN IMMENSE BLAST

Near 7 o'clock a great blast was made of fifty pounds of nitro-glycerine. This had been previously placed under the ice at the strongest point of the dam to await the critical moment, when the rise of water would make the weakening of the structure advantageous. Undoubtedly this had a very great effect in weakening the mass. It threw large fragments 500 feet into the air, and destroyed the real point of resistance.

A little before 7 the river began to rise slowly near the town, the suspension bridge being crowded with spectators. Chief of Police Walley had his force early going the rounds to aid the people. Several women had to be carried out of their houses in chairs; in fact, no less than a dozen sick persons were thus rescued from the dreaded danger.

DESTRUCTION OF THE IRON BRIDGE.

The enormous mass of ice, not less than twenty, perhaps thirty feet in height and one to two miles in length, was simply being pushed down the course of the river by the water behind it, and was plowing its way, clearing out with tremendous efficiency whatever was before it. It made no more account of ordinary bridges than the farmer's two-horse subsoiler would of the root of a rose tree. Every fabric of that sort for up the river was cleaned away, and about 7 A. M., it was at the iron bridge of the Erie Railway over the Delaware, just above here. This was a fine, strong bridge made of wood and iron together, one of those knitted fabrics of engineering ingenuity that puzzle the listless passenger every day in the year with the glimpse of the mazy intricacy of bolts and girders and fastenings of every conceivable kind which they give. It held but a little while, and yet was, perhaps, of incalculable service in breaking and dispersing somewhat the head of the column. Of course it gave way. This was 7:40. The whole bridge did not go, however. Some considerable portion of it was not immediately over the river but stretched from a high point of the bank toward the edge of the stream. All that part of the bridge that was over the channel was clearly cut away, pushed down the stream and hurled to one side to make way for the conquering monster that hurried past it for other achievements further down the valley.

At 7:40 a dispatch was received in town that the bridge had been carried away, and soon a locomotive reached the depot, confirming the fact and stating that while crossing the bridge the ice struck it, and the locomotive had not got ten feet from the east side when the bridge began to go. One man was on the bridge at the time, and barely escaped with his life. He was a flagman and in the employ of the company.

THE SCENE AT GERMANTOWN.

In the level between the river and the hills is the track of the Erie, and between the track and the river, a mile above Port Jervis, is the village of Germantown, some hundreds of neat, little two-story, frame houses grouped in a few regular streets. Into this village the water and ice came with a roar that threatened annihilation and it seems scarcely less than miraculous that it did on the whole so little harm. Some houses were bowled away, crushed and destroyed altogether, others were dismantled and dissected—cast about in topsy-turvy indifference to architectural intentions—and from some the people had hair breadth escapes; but in view of what went on a few feet away, it seems incredible that there should be a house standing. Within 100 yards of the middle of this little settlement the ice now rests where the force of the water hurled it this morning, piled in jagged masses any piece of which hurled upon any house here would have ruined it. These masses of ice are from six to ten feet thick and from 10 to 15 feet square and are piled up by the thousand at the very edge of the little settlement. All the houses, as far as they reached, went before them like cheesecakes, but how they left any houses at all is the wonder.

But the deposit of ice on this level, to the north of the stream, between Sawmill Rift and Germantown, greatly relieved the pressure from the stream, and made a difference in regard to the havoc lower down, and to Port Jervis. Indeed the Port Jervis bridge was not carried away by the ice, but by the water.

Along the flats between Port Jervis and Germantown stood a train of seventeen cars on a turn out track, which the ice caught up and hurled into the air as if they were nothing. Such a complete wreck was never witnessed at any collision that ever took place. A few of the wheels and some of the bottoms are all that now remain. The loss on these cars will not be less than $15,000.

THE RISE AT PORT JERVIS.

The water rose gradually about the bridge, until nearly 8 o'clock, when it began to show itself on Thompson and King streets. It came stealing along quietly but every one could see that mischief followed in its wake. At 8 o'clock it began to show its strength, and soon around Germantown Point came dashing huge cakes of ice, and the signal was sounded that the worst was near at hand.

At last that happened which no one could have hoped for. The great ice plow proved a plow to the last and a deep one. It plowed out the great ice gorge and dam—cut it through and through, tore it into ten thousand fragments and moved it away. It was the intense moment of the drama when the ice from above came down to the bridge and upon the ice lodged here, but when the rumors spread that the dam was started, that it was moving, that it was swept away, the sense of relief, of unstrained joy, of excitement showed—what had not been altogether apparent in the demeanor of the people—how deeply their feelings had been wrought by the incidents of this event of their lives. As the report spread that the dam was moving there was a rush and a clambering for high places from which to observe the gratifying sight, and the housetops, the tops of cars and other elevated points were more than ever filled with the happy multitude.

THE ANVIL YIELDS TO THE HAMMER.

It was naturally a happy moment. People who had wondered for a month past whether the ice here lodged might not prove their ruin, and who had now been startled by a fresh alarm and the imminent threatening of an other danger—the coming of the hammer that was to crush them on the great anvil—saw with the deepest conceivable content the great anvil crushed under the trial blow of the great hammer. But the town was saved. As the ice gorge moved away, and a channel was plowed for the water, all this great volume that was sweeping into the town went back. All the flood above subsided, and the great danger was over.

THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE CARRIED AWAY.

About 9 o'clock the ice that came dashing down the river seemed to increase in size, in fact, some of the cakes were twenty feet in length. Two or three times they dashed up against the suspension bridge, but they did no material damage. As soon as the gorge had moved all seemed to congratulate themselves that the bridge would be saved, but they were doomed to disappointment, for in about twenty minutes a portion of the iron bridge came dashing along with an ominous force. It appears that after it had been carried away it grounded about two miles above this point but was soon forced out into the stream again by the heavy rush of ice, and then there was nothing to stay its passage down to Port Jervis. As it passed Germantown it struck a little two-story frame building, and dashed it into a thousand pieces. On it came toward the suspension bridge, and struck that just north of the center pier, and snapped it like a pipe stem. Away went the bridge, with all the culverts on the easterly side, and in less than three minutes the whole structure was swept away. Only a few wires hanging from the upper cable were left. As the northeasterly culvert was started it dashed against the frame building adjoining the bridge on the east side, and carried away a portion of the first and second stories. A cooking-stove went flying in the air, followed by chairs and tables, and in a second the place was a perfect wreck. The building was owned by John Kirk, and was occupied by one Mrs. Douglass, but the latter and her family had all been removed to a place of safety. As the suspension bridge was carried away a shriek of horror arose from the crowds at various points and every one shouted,

"THERE GOES THE BRIDGE."

The iron bridge, after carrying away the suspension bridge, was forced toward the easterly shore, and struck two small bridges half submerged in water. Both in an instant were hurled into a thousand fragments. Down the stream the iron bridge dashed and rounded Carpenter's Point, and was then lost to sight. It was carried a distance of fully three miles and was finally stopped at a place called Van Noy Island.

A THRILLING INCIDENT.

Many interesting incidents occurred in connection with the flood, but none so thrilling as the following, which was the first precursor of the general inundation.

About 7 o'clock in the morning W. H. Nearpars and L. O. Rose, two of the village trustees, went in a sleigh, with J. A. Buchanan, to Rose's Tavern, on the Sparrowbush road, two miles above here, to watch the rise of the river in order to give timely warning to people along the road and to this place. The road runs within four feet of the river bank, which is fifteen feet high. There was no material rise in the river when they arrived there, and the channel was clear of ice for a mile below the railroad bridge at Sawmill Rift. On a high bluff on the opposite side of the river, commanding a view up the river for several miles, a colored man living in the vicinity, had taken a position. The gentlemen mentioned stood on the river bank at Rose's watching the gradual rise in the stream. Presently the report of one of the heavy blasts of nitro-glycerine put off in the ice-gorge below Port Jervis, reached their ears, and the next instant they were startled by the shout of the negro, which was heard clear across the stream:

"Yender she comes! Fo' God Almighty sakes, boss, go way from dar!"

This was addressed to Mr. Nearpars, who had stepped down the bank nearer the water. He instantly rejoined his companions. Looking up the river, they saw that the avalanche of ice was indeed coming. It was rounding the bend in the river half a mile above, moving in a wave twenty feet high, not of water, for not a drop could be seen, but a surging, rolling, clashing wall of ice and drift. The scene was majestic, but as the flood advanced and heaved great blocks of ice high up on either bank, the watchers did not tarry to witness it, but, hastily re-entering their sleigh, started with their horses on a run to save themselves and spread the alarm.

RACING WITH THE FLOOD.

They had scarcely started before they saw the ice lifting up in the river within a few feet of them, and in almost the twinkling of an eye it was over the bank and rushing along within three feet of the sleigh and keeping pace with it. Between Rose's and Buckley's there is a depression in the road and the river bank, about a hundred feet long, which brings the height of the bank at that place down to eight feet. The persons in the sleigh saw at a glance that unless they reached the gully and crossed it before the ice, the road would be blocked by the cakes that would be forced over the bank, and the three would be at the mercy of the great wave coming down the river, and then but a stone's throw behind them. Buchanan raised up in his sleigh, and, lashing the horse with the whip, they literally flew over the snow. When they reached the gully they had put but half the sleigh's length ahead of the crashing ice, and it began piling up to the very edge of the road, and one cake struck the rear of the sleigh, breaking the runner and narrowly missing Mr. Nearpars. They reached the other side of the ravine and the higher ground, and looking back saw the road they had just passed over covered ten feet deep with huge cakes. The monster wave, of whose approach they had been warned by the colored boy, had overtaken the less threatening flood, and from its outer edge hundreds of tons of ice had toppled over into the road and lay like the ruins of some gigantic marble edifice.

The road still lay along the river bank, and the danger to those in the sleigh was still great. For a long distance the floe kept abreast of them, still filling up the road behind them with ice, and at times almost crushing upon the sleigh. About an eighth of a mile above Germantown the river leaves the road following around a small plateau and bearing to the right. On this plat of low ground there are several buildings, among them, near the lower end, the elegant residence of Mr. Wade Buckley. When Buchanan had urged his horse to the point where the river bears off he thought he had escaped all danger, and brought his horses to a trot. The ponderous mass of ice moved on with the course of the river, and was passing around the curve when a dam occurred below, and it stopped. In a very few seconds however, the flood started anew in a channel it made as it went across the flat, directly toward a point in the road on the lower side of Mr. Buckley's house. The distance to the point from the sleigh was about equal with that to be traversed by the flood. Not a second was to be lost, and again the horses were urged to their utmost speed to reach, if possible, the objective point in advance of the ice. The people living in the houses near the scene of the race for life or death shouted to the driver to stop while others cried out to him to "Hurry up for God's sake." Mr. Buckley waived them back, and shouted to them not to take the chance, but Buchanan kept on and crossed the point like the wind—not two seconds before the surging wall of ice swept over the road, and on its destructive course over the flats. So intense had been the strain on the nerves of the flying party that, when it was known they were safe, the reaction was so great that they were all rendered as helpless as babes and sat speechless for some minutes in the very midst of the destruction going on around them.

The South Mountain mining company, Idaho, pays out $14,000 a month.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1875.

THE NEW YORK CANAL FRAUDS.

Scarcely less exciting to the people of New York are revelations with regard to frauds in the canal department of the State government, than were the developments in the case of Boss Tweed and the Tammany thieves a few years ago. Governor Tilden leads the assault upon the Canal ring, and receives the unqualified praise of all the leading papers of all parties for his gallant charge on the corruptionists and the valiant manner of his following it up. The Tammany leaders, who may always be safely counted on to give their influence in favor of any gang of public plunderers who are attacked, flew to the relief of the Canal thieves the moment there was an intimation of the coming storm, and are bringing every force at their command to bear to break down the Governor and bring to naught the investigations set on foot by him. But Governor Tilden is not to be snuffed out so easily. The ring have the Speaker of the House, and the appointment of the investigating committee; and consequently they possess the power to make the investigation a mere farce so far as the Legislature is concerned. But the Governor before sending to the Legislature his special message on the subject calling attention to the frauds, took the utmost precaution to provide himself with the necessary evidence and to secure the means of access to the evidence, to push the investigation independently of the Legislative committee; and he is reported to have declared that, if the committee fail to do its work thoroughly, he will prosecute the investigation in his own person till the swindles and corruptions are all dragged out into the light.

The *Tribune, Times* and *Herald* unite in giving the Governor a hearty and earnest support in his work of purging the politics of the State, but Tammany is a strong antagonist and controls, or seems to control the Legislature, despite the efforts of the Governor and the newspapers. The Governor's message shows that the stealings of the canal ring have reached millions, and every day adds new items to the account.

THE BLACK HILLS EXPEDITION.

It is generally understood at the East, though not officially declared, so far as we are informed, that the geological expedition to the Black Hills country is for the purpose of ascertaining in the most reliable manner whether there is any truth in the reports of the existence of rich gold mines there. It is the intention of the government, should this expedition result in establishing that gold exists in that region in paying quantities, to take steps immediately toward the extinguishment of the Indian title to the lands, in order that the mines may be opened to American enterprise. This is eminently wise. If there are rich placers in that country the fact can not be hid, and when it becomes generally known there will be no peace till the country is opened to everybody. It will require a standing army as large as the entire regular army of the United States to keep the American people out of a region of American territory which is known to be rich in gold. The government may as well make up its mind that it will cost less to buy the Black Hills from the Indians at any price almost than to guard that country against trespass by miners after it has become a settled fact that paying mines exist there.

WOOL WASHING AND WOOL SORTING.

A manufacturer in Massachusetts said to an Oregon man last year: "You sent us better wool a few years ago than you do now; but the worst thing is, you send us about four cents worth of dirt with every pound of wool. You also send all kinds mixed in the same bales, the good and the bad, and of course the *poor, dirty wool gauges the price of the bale*. But we never buy direct from the wool shipper. The cargo or car-load is sent off to one of the four or five washing establishments, which clean the wool and assort it for the manufacturer. Like kinds are rebaled together. We know on looking at a bale whether it is suitable for the fabric which we wish to make, and we buy accordingly. But, you send us dirty, mixed wools and injure the reputation of your State, besides suffering a large per cent. of loss on the sale."

Canada wool is washed and assorted and entered at a high tariff as a competitor over Oregon wool.

In a word, the care of sheep and the care of wool pays the grower. Neglect runs down the flock—the price.

To pay freights, drayage and commissions on ten to fifteen per cent's worth of dirt, from the farmer's barn to the depot of the washing establishment, four thousand miles off, is bad enough for the farmer, for he has to pay all these bills. But he makes it worse for himself by tumbling into the sack fleeces fit only for carpet yarn, with fleeces fit for combing and suitable for the finest cassimeres and delaines. A professional assorter has found four kinds of wool in the same bale.

Such facts teach two simple lessons, important to be acted upon, as the wool clip is soon to be put upon the market. The first is to *wash the sheep before shearing*. Objection is made that the waters from snowy hills are too cold. Defer the clip till May, as Vermont farmers do, and streams or mill-ponds can be found warm enough for the comfort of the washers and the safety of the sheep.

The second lesson is to *assort the fleeces, and put only one quality or grade in the same bale*. Put the Merino, the Southdown, the Cotswold and the Leicester, every kind by itself. Of the latter kinds, one may be worth ten cents per pound more than the other for certain fabrics.

But the objection is made that every farmer does not know how to do this; some have so little wool that they cannot be expected to take this trouble; and the few who see the evil and the loss, and would remedy both, cannot affect the market much by assorting their own lots. If these objections prevent unified action on the farms, this can be done for the present: Your washed wool can be sent to some depot near the shipping port, and be there receipted, and then assorted by *a man skilled in the business*, and then rebaled and sold by sample to the buyer, to go direct to the manufacturer. If the latter belongs to your own State, you will be the gainer of a still larger per cent. As it now is, *your wools are marked and sold very low on account of their bad condition.*

There is another fact, or principle, important to wool-growers. It is that a poorly fed and poorly housed sheep will give you wool of correspondingly weak texture. Take a lock, two or three or four inches long and pull it lengthwise, and you may find it firm and strong. Try another example, and it will easily part or break. The difference is due to disease of the sheep or improper or insufficient food, or lack of shelter from the storms of winter. The manufacturer tests the *strength* as well as the fineness of the fibre, and rates the price accordingly.

Again a certain amount of vegetables with dry food will give the silky lustre in wools. Low sheds, with good drainage, will save sheep from colds, which no doubt are one cause of the "snots" and other troublesome diseases. Keep fewer sheep, keep them better, and it will pay at the *other end of the line*.

The crusaders are again opening up in the East the campaign against whisky. They are adopting the same course they pursued last year, gathering in front of barrooms and singing and praying on the sidewalks. But their reappearance fails to create the excitement which their first appearance caused. People quietly go about their business, paying little or no attention to the crusaders and their performances. This ill-advised method of opposing the liquor traffic can not long survive that kind of treatment. Excitement is the life of the crusading mode of warfare, and without this it will be impossible to keep the crusade on its feet.

There was a painful rumor on the street last evening to the effect that Gen. M. M. McCarver was dead. We obtained information to that effect pretty straightly, and supposed for some time there was no doubt of the truth of the report; but, subsequently there came reports that it was a mistake. The General has been lying for some days in a very critical condition, at his residence at Tacoma.

GENERAL CROOK.

The Arizona *Miner*, published at Prescott, under date of March 26th says of this brave officer, so well known and highly esteemed in Portland, where he resided several years ago:

The telegraph announces important military changes, notably the transfer of General Crook of Arizona to the department of the Platte. Judging from paragraphs going round among the papers, we presume this change is made at the request of General Crook. The general has done for Arizona what all commanders that preceded him failed to do—whipped the Apaches into a state of peace. For this the people here will always bear him good will. He has in the meantime received a large and conspicuous promotion by the President, and he must leave feeling with the people that it was good for him to have been here.

On Wednesday evening the officers and ladies of Fort Whipple gave a party at the Gen. Crook Club-Rooms, in honor of the General and his staff, who were to leave for Omaha next morning. The crowded state of our columns forbids that we should do more than to give a mere outline of what was done. If we should simply say it was "perfectly splendid," it would cover the whole ground, everything that could be thought of to render the occasion pleasant was attended to and everybody was pleased. We went early and were enabled to take note of the decorations of the hall. The first thing that attracted our attention on entering was a fine likeness of General Crook suspended over the music-stand, surrounded by these words: "ARIZONA'S BEST FRIEND." Immediately back of the stand on the wall was a frame and within it, in large letters artistically painted: "FAREWELL TO GENERAL CROOK AND STAFF." The ceiling and walls were beautifully decorated with flags, and in the northeast corner was displayed the regimental flag of the 8th Infantry, bearing the name of the battles of the rebellion in which it participated. Suspended from the ceiling in the center of the room was a beautifully wrought baton, presented to the 8th in the City of Mexico in 1848 for gallant services. About the walls, printed in bold-faced type, were these mottoes: "The wars of the Platte left a 'Spotted Tail' but the 'Red Cloud' must disappear by hook or by a Crook." "We heartily send our best wishes with the able, courteous and generous departing staff." "The saddest of all sad words, 'Good-bye, our General.'" "The Sioux will sue for a lasting peace under the soothing guidance of an Arizona Crook."

Colorado stock men are becoming a good deal exercised over the prevalent thieving of beeves from their herds. They say that there are men in the country and in Denver who make it a regular business. Frequent arrests have been made, but the accused, almost invariably slip through the meshes of the law. In this emergency the stock men are talking seriously of reviving the code of 1859 and '60. In the latter year cattle and horse stealing became so common that corals were broken into, and whole herds driven off. The evil became so great that the people arose *en masse*. Arrests were made and a band revealed that comprised nearly fifty members in that country, and having connections in all the neighboring territories and several of the western States. There was a little short, sharp and decisive work. Several thieves dangled at the end of their riatas and the balance were warned to leave. They left. Then peace reigned, and for years after hardly an animal was stolen.

MARRIED.

Near Silverton, March 31, F. P. Webb and Miss Mary J. Thurman.

Near Independence Dr. W. H. Rubell, of Dallas, and Miss Miranda Waymire.

In Walla Walla, April 8, John Athei and Miss Rosa Sattler.

NEW TO-DAY.

Straw Hats at 107 Third street. | 500 SCHOOL HATS FOR Boys and Girls, at low prices. JOHN WILSON.

CROQUET SETS, are at Ackerman's Dollar Store. | VARIOUS STYLES, AND BABY CARRIAGES

SWISS & BOOK &c., for sale by | MUSLINS, NAINSOOK, Victoria & Bishop Lawns
JOHN WILSON,
107 Third street.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

AN ENERGETIC, ENTERPRISING MAN WITH $5,000, to engage in the most profitable business on this coast. Business strictly honorable. Best of references given and required. Address S. F., this office.
al4d3t

SING YUCK. SCHONG HO. AH SOI. AH SHUY.

KUONG MOW CHUNG CO.

Alder St., bet. First and Second, Portland.

Importers and Dealers in CHINA GOODS

TEA, RICE AND OPIUM.

CONTRACTORS FOR CHINESE LABOR.

$25 REWARD!

THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID BY the undersigned for the arrest and conviction of the persons that committed certain indecent depredations at Mt. Tabor Schoolhouse on Saturday night, April 10, 1875.
J. S. NEWELL,
C. M. WIBERG,
Directors.
d&w1t

SMITH BROS.' IRON WORKS,

First Street, bet. Salmon and Main.

Manufacturers of

Machinery, Iron & Brass Castings, Forgings and Patterns.

ON HAND FOR SALE,

1 ENGINE 8x16 inch Cylinder, nearly new.
1 do 6x12 " " in good order.
1 do 10x24 " "
1 PORTABLE ENGINE and BOILER, with Drum and Gearing for Pile-driving.
1 Steam ROCK DRILL, in good order.
New and second-hand Wood Planers, Boilers and Pickering Engine Regulators.
al4d&w

Cascades Mountain Ice!

Taken out of the clearest and purest water, for

ONLY ONE CENT A POUND,

Which I will deliver from this date through the whole season to any part of the city. Please give me a call, each and every one.

Leave orders at Hacheny & Stemme's, corner of First and Taylor sts.; Pfunder's Drug Store, First and Ash sts., and at P. Horning's, No 21 Stark st., bet First and Second; also with the driver on the wagon. I have plenty of Ice.
J. M. G. KALLICH.

NEW TO-DAY.

CARPETS!

PRICES REDUCED!

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Body Brussels;
Tapestry Brussels;
Three-Ply;
Extra Supers;
Superfine;
All-Wool Ingrains;

Cotton Chains and Hemps of All Qualities,

AT

WALTER BROS.,

Nos. 92 and 94 First Street.

Portland Macadamized Road Co.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Portland Macadamized Road Co. for the choice of Directors, will be held at the White House at 3 P. M. Saturday, April 17, 1875.
W. S. CALDWELL,
Secretary.
al4td

Montgomery Street.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, until 12 o'clock M., Saturday, April 17, 1875, for the improvement of Montgomery street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1616.

Bids must state opposite the number of each block the price per cubic yard for excavation and embankment, and the price per lineal foot for sidewalks, crosswalks and plank gutters.

Each bid must be accompanied with the bond of two freeholders to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder he will, upon its being so awarded, enter into contract therefor with good and sufficient sureties for its faithful performance.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.
R. R. THOMPSON,
L. BESSER,
JOHN CATLIN,
Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Ash Street.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, until 12 o'clock M., Saturday, April 17, 1875, for the improvement of Ash street in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 1618.

Bids must specify opposite the number of each block the price per cubic yard for excavation and embankment, the price per lineal foot for sidewalks, plank roadways and intersections, including box gutters.

Each bid must be accompanied with the bond of two freeholders, to the effect that if the contract be awarded to such bidder, he will, upon its being so awarded, enter into contract therefor with good and sufficient sureties for its faithful performance.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.
R. R. THOMPSON,
L. BESSER,
JOHN CATLIN,
Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Ordinance No. 1618.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving that part of Ash street lying between the west line of Front street and the center of Fourth street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The proposed improvement of that part of Ash street lying between the west line of Front street and the center of Fourth street, shall be completed as hereinafter provided on or before the 20th day of May, 1875.

Section 2. The surface of the street shall be cleared of all timber, plank or other obstructions, (sidewalks of the proper width and grade and otherwise in good condition excepted.) If the obstructions are not removed within three days after notice from the Superintendent of Streets, they shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. The improvement shall consist of grading, laying sidewalks, planking the entire roadway and intersections, with box gutters across the intersections.

Section 4. The grading and planking of the roadway and intersections shall correspond as nearly as practicable to the provisions of sections No. 4, 5, 6 and 7 of Ordinance No. 1250, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the time and manner of improving that part of G street lying between North Fourth and North Sixth streets."

Section 5. The provisions of sections 7, 11 and 12 of Ordinance No. 793 entitled "An Ordinance in relation to the improvement of streets," shall apply to the manner of laying the sidewalks, and to all lumber and material used in the improvement provided for by this Ordinance.

Section 6. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 7. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and the Superintendent of Streets.

Section 8. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for, receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Passed the Common Council April 7, 1875.
W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved April 9, 1875.
HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT of Oregon. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of O. E. Farnsworth and W. P. Dutton, bankrupts. District of Oregon, ss—Notice is hereby given that O. E. Farnsworth and W. P. Dutton, the above named bankrupts, have filed their petition in said Court for a meeting of their creditors to submit propositions of composition in accordance with the 17th section of the amendment to the Bankrupt Act, approved June 22, 1874, and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts will be held at the office of H. H. Northup, Register in Bankruptcy, Room 8 in Dekum's Building, in Portland, on the first day of May, A. D. 1875, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purposes prayed for in said petition, where all parties in interest may attend.
H. H. NORTHUP,
Register.
al4d1aw2t

MACHINE OILS!

LARD OIL, CHINA OIL, DOG FISH Spindle-oil and Castor-oil,

IN LOTS TO SUIT.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

NOTICE!

All parties wishing to have their Measure taken for Shirts made to order will please leave their order with CLARKE & HENDERSON previous to NEXT SATURDAY, as they will then order another lot of the Celebrated HATHAWAY SHIRTS.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.
ou13d2t

NOTICE.

THE OWNERS OF THE FOLLOWING TICKETS are respectfully requested to call at once for their Prizes at 36 Washington street.
GERMAN AID SOCIETY.

191, 187, 193, 196, 253, 364, 366, 369, 375, 327, 389, 316, 432, 133, 162, 590, 708, 238, 765, 780, 822, 1029, 1264, 1312, 1366, 1495, 1574, 1691.
al3d3t

5,000 ONE POUND

STRAWBERRY BOXES,

For sale at

Portland Box Factory,

HARLOW & CO.
al3d1m

PHONOGRAPHY.

GRAHAM SYSTEM of PHONOGRAPHY taught by day or evening at National Business College, or at the residence of Mrs. S LORD, Stenographer, N. W. corner of Second and Clay streets. Pupils at a distance taught by mail. Also, Copying done at the shortest notice. Address as above.
m24d1m

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER!

ALEX. P. ANKENY.........Proprietor
J. A. HERNE.........Manager
J. H. LeROY.........Stage Manager
CHAS. BRAY.........Musical Director

LOOK AT THIS BILL!

J. A. HERNE,

And Full Company in TWO GRAND PLAYS!

WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 14, 1875.

Marsten's Beautiful One-Act Drama of

A HARD STRUGGLE!

REUBEN HOLT.........J. A. HERNE
AMY, (aged 13).........LILLIE DEAVES

To conclude with the Thrilling Drama in 4 acts, entitled

KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN!

Or, St. Patrick's Eve.

TERRENCE O'MOORE.........J. A. HERNE
KATHLEEN.........MRS. FULFORD

GRAND MATINEE--SATURDAY!

Friday—Octoroon, with new Scenery, &c.

No Extra Charge for Reserved Seats.

Prices of Admission—Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs, $1 00. Gallery, 50 cts. Children half price. Private Boxes from $4 00 to $7 50. Box Office (in charge of G. L. DePRANS,) open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Doors open at 7. Commence at 8.

GRAND OPENING

OF

SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING

AT

"The Clothing Store,"

COR. FRONT AND ALDER STREETS.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE ESTABlishment inform their patrons and the public generally that they have nearly completed unpacking the amount of

$20,000 Spring & Summer

CLOTHING!

And we would here mention that it is of importance to those contemplating to purchase to first examine our

New Stock and Prices!

Our GOODS are DIRECT FROM THE EAST and are of the very Latest Styles and Patterns, and consist of

French and American Cassimere Suits, Diagonal Suits, new styles.

Kersey Suits, English Derby Suits, new styles.

Genuine French Cassimere Pants, new styles, and others too numerous to mention.

A large stock of Boys' and Youths' light and dark colored

SUITS OF NEW STYLES,

Large Stock of Hats, &c.

Workingmen, Attention!

We are now enabled to sell the first class

PATENT OVERALLS AT 75 CENTS.

Large Stock of

FURNISHING GOODS!

Also, a full line of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

CARPETS!

LOW PRICES!

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THOSE wanting Carpets to the Splendid Stock of

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
RUGS, MATS,
WALL PAPER,
&c., &c., &c.,

Now opening at the Warerooms of the

Oregon Furniture Manf'g Co.

The CARPETS were selected from Samples, English and American manufacture. We challenge comparison as to patterns, prices and quality.

FRONT St., bet. Washington & Alder.

PACIFIC BOOT & SHOE HOUSE.

HANAN & BEDISH'S

NEW YORK BUCKLE GAITER.

52 different Spring and Summer Styles of

Gents' Shoes and Gaiters

Have arrived, per steamer Oriflamme direct from New York and Philadelphia, at PACIFIC BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE, at their New Store.

77 First Street, Dekum's Building.

LADIES' LINEN SUITS

LADIES' LINEN SUITS!

A MOST ELEGANT ASSORTMENT!

Comprising the very

LATEST PATTERNS!

Just unpacking, at

SIMON HARRIS'

Odd Fellows' Building.

CALL TO-DAY AND INSPECT!

PIONEER WOOD YARD,

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.

SORENSEN & TAYLOR.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD,

Sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City.

Pioneer Carpet Weaver.

EDWARD STILLER!

HAS RESUMED BUSINESS AT HIS RESIdence, Third street, between Madison and Jefferson.

WANTED—1,000,000 Yards of Carpet to weave.
a9d1m

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

GRAND OPENING

AT

THE WHITE HOUSE

OF

SPRING NOVELTIES!

WE HAVE THE PLEASURE TO ANnounce that we have now on exhibition

FOR THE

SPRING AND SUMMER SEASON,

NEW SILKS,

IN ALL THE DESIRABLE SHADES.

NEW DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of Several New Varieties.

THE VERY LATEST STYLES OF

PARISIAN SUITS

Direct from the Most Fashionable Houses.

TO OUR

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

We make Special Announcement that on

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

APRIL 1st, 2d and 3d.

WE SHALL HAVE

OUR GRAND OPENING

OF

SPRING MILLINERY GOODS,

On which occasion we shall Display the

VERY LATEST STYLES OF

FRENCH HATS AND BONNETS.

LEWIS & STRAUSS,

No. 87 First Street.

WAITING!

MISS JENNIE MACNAMARA

Would respectfully inform the Ladies of Portland that her Spring Stock of MILLINERY is now ready for inspection, waiting the arrival of Novelties from New York by Steamer Ajax.

PATTERN BONNETS and HATS will be ready for approval on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 6th, 7th & 8th days of April.

Having made arrangements while East the Ladies are assured that the very LATEST STYLES may be relied on.

Please remember the days, April 6, 7 and 8.

Respectfully,
JENNIE MACNAMARA.

MRS. G. H. CLARKE

Announces the

1st Day of April as the Opening Day

FOR THE FIRST SPRING STYLES OF

MILLINERY GOODS!

I respectfully call special attention to my IMPORTED FRENCH HATS & BONNETS Also English and French Chips, Misses and Children's fine Leghorn Hats of every description: Feathers and Flowers of all styles.

Please call and see them. MRS. G. H. CLARKE.

☞TWO APPRENTICES WANTED immediately.

REMOVAL.

J. CLARK,

DEALER IN SADDLERY,

And Importer of

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

Has removed from 78 to 96 Front Street, (in the Buildings recently erected,) next to the Oregon Furniture Store.

NEW STOCK!

Prices to Suit the Times.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

Field, Flower & Garden Seeds.

NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

Of all descriptions.

WHALE OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for destroying insects. Also, Trellises, Flowerpots, stands, etc. Send for Catalogue.

HACHENEY & STEMME, Grocers,
d&w First and Taylor sts, Portland, Or.

ASSAY OFFICE.

J. H. FISK,

ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST,

No. 29 Stark Street.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST with a new stock of Chemicals, Analytical and Assaying Materials, I am prepared to Analyze Coals, Ores, Minerals and Metals of every description.

The highest price paid for Gold Dust and Gold bars.

OFFICE OF

The Singer Manufacturing Co.

No. 101 Third St., Portland, Or.

Machines sold on Note or Installment Plan; and liberal discount made for cash.
Good reliable Agents wanted.
m26d1m

E. HAMILTON'S

Law Office,

N. W. corner Washington and Front Streets. Entrance on Washington.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT,

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

AJAX.

FRED. BOELES.........Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1875,
At 5 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA.

JOHN HAYES.........Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1875,
At 5 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock, foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M., for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and Intermediate points will take cars at 7:30, connecting at Canemah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight:

Corvallis to Portland	$2 50
Albany and Salem	2 00
Harrisburg	3 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Up Freight, $1 00 per Ton.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.
J. D. BILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND

FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.
FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday, at 5 A. M.
FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.
FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.
For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skomockaway—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.
For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.
For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.

Special Notice!

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE Rates between Portland and The Dalles will be as follows:

Freight	Ten Dollars per Ton
Passage	Five Dollars

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

March 11, 1875. mar12d1m

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR CORVALLIS and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

For ASTORIA—Steamer WILLAMETTE CHIEF—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,
JAS. W. TROUP, Master.

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF ALder Street for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAMS & KRUMBEIN.

Architects,

Office—Room 17 Dekum's Building.

H. W. DILG.

Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,

Washington Street, between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line.

Locks and Safes repaired at short notice and in No. 1 style. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent models made to order.
ld41 4m

AUCTION SALE OF TEAS!

BY

S. L. JONES & CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,

Tuesday, April 20, 1875,

Ex "GREAT REPUBLIC" and "VASCO DE GAMA."

Importation of Macondray & Co.

4,000 PACKAGES

NEW CROP

JAPAN & COMET TEAS!

In Assorted Packages, Comprising
Bulk, one-pound and half-pound papers;
Lacquered Boxes in three four-and-a-half, five and ten pound Packages;
And Large Fancy Cases.

S. L. JONES & CO., Auctioneers,
San Francisco

MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS made to order go to
J. BRADY,
No. Washington Street
Repairing promptly attended to.

AUCTION AND CO[illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON

AUCTIONEER

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK [illegible]

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and [illegible]

At Private Sale.

Large assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS. Liberal advance made on Consignments. To parties declining Housekeeping, I will purchase Second-hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, [illegible]

Regular and Peremptory [illegible]

REAL ESTATE,

Furniture, Groceries, General Merchandise, Etc.,

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.

REAL ESTATE.

Lots Five (5) and Six (6) in Block [illegible] ner of Fifth and Taylor streets [illegible] and substantial Frame Building [illegible] theran Church.

ALSO,

One Frame DWELLING HOUSE. Title Perfect.

ALSO,

FURNITURE.

ONE FINE PARLOR SET,

ALSO,

BEDROOM, DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

ALSO,

6 bbls MIXED PICKLES,
25 kegs TOMATO CATSUP,
25 " MIXED PICKLES,
20 " PLAIN do
15 cs ASSORTED PIE FRUIT.

A. B. RICHARDSON

INSURANCE.

ESTABLISHED 18[illegible]

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Company,

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

Capital, $10,000,000 Gold.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.,

OF CALIFORNIA.

Assets, $667,471 [illegible]

EDWARD HALL,
MANAGER.

Office—Front street, bet. Washington and Alder.

THE STATE Investment & Insurance COMPANY,

SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Incorporated in 18[illegible]

Cash Assets, $[illegible]

OFFICERS:

PETER [illegible] J. [illegible]
[illegible] H. CUSHING, [illegible]

This Co[illegible] surance [illegible] the Lowe[illegible] according [illegible]

The undersigned [illegible] Agents for [illegible] company [illegible] to accept [illegible] and Marine [illegible] table rates.

[illegible] A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

General Agent [illegible]

N. B.—Agents [illegible] Territory, [illegible]

GEO. H. HIMES,

THE FIRST

Steam Job Printer

In the State of Oregon,

No. 5 Washington St., Portland,

SIGN OF THE BIG HAND.

Business Men

DEMAND

Neat Printing,

Cheap Printing,

Quick [illegible]

And to supply this want I have provided myself with every thing necessary for the rapid execution of all kinds of

COMMERCIAL, LEGAL & SOCIETY Printing.

In connection with my establishment there is a

First-Class Book Bindery

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

Don't forget to call, see samples and get prices.

Orders by mail will be promptly attended to.
GEO. H. HIMES,
No. 5 Washington Street.

KOSH-LAND BROS.

No. 8 Front Street,

Importers and Commission Merchants

HAVE NOW ON HAND AND OFFER FOR sale to the trade—

15,000 WOOL BAGS,
50,000 GRAIN BAGS, 22x36 and 23x40,
100,000 lbs BURLAPS, 40, 45 and 60 inch,
100 tons Liverpool SALT.
100 bales PULU.
20 bales 3, 4, and 5 ply American TWINE.

Which we will sell at the lowest [illegible]

A liberal discount will be made [illegible] cash.

N. B.—We also buy and sell PRODUCE and make liberal Cash Advances on goods [illegible] We pay the highest market price [illegible] and Furs.

THE AGENCY

For the Sale of the

"GROVER & BAKER" Elastic Stitch and Lock Stitch

SEWING MACHINES

Has been Established with

Messrs. WM. BECK & SON,

107 Front Street, Portland.
m10d1m

We will close out an Invoice of

Childrens' Carriages, Boys' Wagons and Croquets,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

To make room for a consignment of the

IMPROVED

GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES

WM. BECK & SON.
m10d1m

WANTED!

ALL KINDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPPING. Also, choice qualities for Home Consumption, for which we will pay the HIGHEST PRICE.
RUMMELIN & GUTHANS,
Manufacturing Furriers, 56 First street, between Stark and Oak.
[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14.

CITY

LOVERS DISTURBED.—On Sunday eve[illegible] about 9 o'clock, as two men were on their home out in the country, from this city, suddenly disturbed the tranquility of lovers, who were enjoying the pleasure of other's society, far away from the noise dust of the "populous town," all alone and the solitudes of nature. The men were horseback. When they had reached a along what is known as the Barnes' about a mile from the city, one of the ani suddenly, and without any apparent c gave a loud snort and swerved to one side unexpected was the movement of the ani that the rider narrowly escaped being thr violently to the ground. Regaining the ile, the man looked around to discover cause of the horse's fright. Seated on a log at one side of the road, and withi few feet of him, the man discov a lady and gentleman. In the prevai darkness the features of the persons were distinguishable. Both were so much absor that they were apparently oblivious of the proaching horsemen, and failed to notice th until the animal gave a plunge. The surp was mutual, and the young gentleman, was considerably taken back, only had to blurt out, "Good evening, sir," ere horsemen disappeared. On the follow morning, when passing the identical spot, of the same men found a new green veil a blackhead pencil, which were eviden dropped by the couple. These articles are this office, and we will cheerfully hand th over to the owners—providing, of course, they call in person for them.

SUCCESSFUL MINING BY PORTLANDERS.—So six weeks ago a company of well known c zens made up a purse with which to prosp for gold and silver in the southern part of State. They were fortunate in the selection one of the most practical and scientific min experts on the coast, to conduct the explorati This gentleman has returned, after an almo exhaustive investigation of some of the le ing mines, including the far-famed boun of the Yank lode. We learn that he has cured a most promising ledge, from a part which the party has already secured some tons of ore of great richness. The company are about putting machinery on their clai satisfied that they can within three months returns, and stop all assessments. They ha no stock for sale, indeed, do not propose present to issue any. This looks well for th enterprise and faith in the future. This all we have been able to learn at present, the owners are very reticent.

A MAGNIFICENT PIECE OF LEATHER.—W were shown, yesterday, at the Opposition bo and shoe store, corner of First and Sta streets, a piece of leather which is worthy notice. It is the skin of a sea lion, 9 feet length, and was tanned by Mr. Leinenwebe at his tannery at Astoria. The leather really very beautiful, as soft as the best Fren calf, and as close grained as alligator leath And another peculiar feature of it is that th is no flanky and inferior portions, but the e tire hide is of even thickness and textu This leather would make the best possib hunting or tramping boots, being at once s and pleasant to the foot, and perfectly wat tight. The tanning of it is an experiment Mr. Leinenweber, no such thing having be tried before, and it is a perfect success in respects. Why may not a good business done in the manufacture of this leather? T animals are very plentiful and easily taken.

A SCHOOL PICNIC.—Promptly at 1 o'clo Monday afternoon, the pupils and teachers Portland Academy assembled at the scho and, forming in line, started for the Park w of the city, to spend the afternoon there pl ing games, gathering flowers, etc. All form ity was laid aside, each one seeking with a into all the recreations occurring. After children had roamed the hills to their hea content, they all assembled, and Prof. Roy in a neat speech, invited them to partake lunch, which they eagerly accepted. A the eatables had disappeared the school formed the line and returned to the city, mu pleased with the afternoon's enjoyment. T is the first picnic that has been given this s son.

A VOICE FROM MAINE.—From away down Maine—where it is said the people pry up sun every morning with an iron crowba comes the following marriage notice: "M ried, by the Rev. E. M. Fowler, in Woolw Maine, March 24, 1875, Mr. Franklin C. R and Miss Hattie E. Webb." The clerical g tleman who tied the matrimonial knot Fowler—writes to us as follows: "This y and excellent couple will leave us on Wedr day for your State (Oregon), where they pose to seek a permanent home. They will a valuable accession to your population, a as such, I hope they will be extended a cor welcome."

ADJUDGED INSANE.—W. H. Watkinds, sup intendent of the penitentiary, arrived in city yesterday from Salem, having in cha an insane man, named John Smith. This dividual was sent to the penitentiary fr Multnomah county over a year ago, hav been convicted of forgery. For some ti Smith has evinced strong symptoms of ins ity, and at length became so bad that his moval to the asylum was found necess He was examined before the proper auth ties of Marion county and adjudged insa and committed to the asylum yesterday.

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WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portla Oregon, April 13, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	C
Thermometer	50°	62°	
Wind, direction	N.	N.W.	C
Wind, velocity			
Weather	Clear.	Clear.	Cl
Maximum temperature			

OFFICERS ELECTED.—At the Philomath Literary Society meeting, held last Mon evening, the following officers were elected serve for the next quarter: M. J. Mull President; D. W. Taylor, Vice President; Heintz, Recording Secretary; M. Wilcox, responding Secretary; P. J. Keeler, Treasu H. Chaffy, Sergeant-at-Arms; S. W. Rice, (sor; W. H. Adams, Editor.

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The Daily Oregonian.

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WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, April 13, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	57°	82°	63°
Wind direction	N.	N. W.	Calm.
Wind velocity	2	4	0
Weather	Clear.	Clear.	Clear.
Maximum temperature			85°

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John Nolan for being drunk was fined five dollars, which he liquidated.

George Wagner was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of using abusive language, and will be tried this morning.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Straw hats and linen coats will next be in order.

Robinson Hill is a favorite resort for Sunday pedestrians.

Special meeting of the Common Council this evening.

Excavations for Opitz' new building was commenced on Monday.

The first bird of spring has come with a bug in his ear and a wart on his toe.

Old Sol shed his genial rays on this benighted earth yesterday, as natural as ever—only a little more so.

Woe to the individual who shall first make his appearance on the streets in a pair of immaculate linen trowsers.

A cool breeze, which blew yesterday from the northwest was extremely refreshing to heated workmen and pedestrians.

Hart's Arcadian parlors are in course of reconstruction. The place will assume a brilliant appearance in a few days.

The leather hose and oils which have been stored in the jail building were removed to the corporation building Monday.

Last Saturday a number of young men were to be seen immersing their sylph-like forms in the waters of the Wallamet.

Our base-ballists do not seem to be so actively engaged in starting clubs and practicing this season as they were at this time last year.

Ollie Mills, who was so severely injured some weeks ago by receiving a heavy blow on the side of the head, is able to appear on the street.

We understand that a young lady graduate from a city school has been tendered the position of "school ma'am" in a school near East Portland.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Portland Macadamized Road Co., for the choice of directors, will be held at the White House April 17th, 1875.

The prizes, some thirty in number, not called for at the Rink, can be obtained at C. A. Burchardt's, upon presentation of tickets as designated in the advertisement.

The safety-valve on the steamer *Ohio* got out of gear some time since, and the steam which escaped caused considerable trepidation among passengers. It is now repaired.

The smoke arising from a brush fire in the vicinity of the North school building, last evening, caused quite a number of persons to collect, but when the cause was known the crowd dispersed.

A man, a horse car and last, though not least, a carriage, afforded amusement to those who made their exit from the theater last evening. We thought the car and the carriage led the van. The race was exciting for a moment.

Teachers should be careful in correcting their pupils. A teacher in one of the schools of the city jerked a small scholar around the room so rapidly the other day, that it is feared by parents and friends that the little urchin's shirt button is lost!

There is a deep hole near the corner of First and Taylor streets that would afford a "watery grave" for whoever should chance to wander in that direction on a starless and moonless night, as it is uncovered. We do not charge anything for this notice to those who may have a suicidal mania.

MILITARY NOTES.

From the Walla Walla *Spirit of the West* we collate the following:

The addition to the hospital is now nearly completed.

Some mules and horses are to be sold from the Quartermaster's department during the current month.

General Howard is at present inspecting the Indian Agencies in the Department of the Columbia, and may probably visit this post at no distant day.

It is rumored that the infantry company at Colville will change with one of the cavalry companies stationed here. There is no official information concerning the change as yet.

A grand ball and supper was given by the officers of the garrison last evening in honor of Gen. Wheaton, who will soon take his departure to assume command of the Second Infantry.

Company B is to leave early in the next week. The men, while stationed here, bore a most excellent character, and we trust that any company which may succeed them will be equal to their predecessors.

Post Sergeant Major Robert Gruner, has been appointed First Sergeant of Co. B., Twenty-First Infantry. Since the time that the troops were located here Sergeant Gruner earned the esteem of all with whom he came in contact.

The garrison was illuminated on the night of the 6th inst. by that brilliant phenomena called the *aurora borealis*, or northern lights; but towards morning of the succeeding day it faded away. Also at the same time there was a most unusual number of meteors.

A garrison court-martial was convened on the 4th inst. and went into session on the 5th. There was only two cases brought up for trial; one was acquitted and the other was sentenced to seven days' solitary confinement. It is an unusual thing to sentence an offender to solitary. The president of the court was Capt. D. Perry, Company F, First Cavalry.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

"Cascades mountain ice, taken out of the clearest and purest water, for only one cent a pound, delivered to any portion of the city," is the announcement made in another column by Mr. J. M. G. Kallich.

Smith Bros. foundrymen and machinists, are now turning out and have on hand, for sale, a large amount of machinery, iron and brass castings, forgings and patterns. The attention of the public is called to their new advertisement, appearing elsewhere.

"Prices reduced." That is the striking heading to the new advertisement of those well known carpet dealers, Walter Bros. Many may have doubts about the reduction of prices, but a personal interview with Mr. Walter convinced us that he meant it, his remarks being rather pointed on that subject. Call, if you want to get elegant carpets.

AMUSEMENTS.

The change in the weather had much to do with the falling off in the attendance at the new theater last evening, and this beautiful temple of the drama was only partially filled with people. The bill was the most attractive of the season, as we took occasion to say of it yesterday. We must however be allowed to remark that the clog dancing, though unexceptionally good, is quite overdone. The acting of all who were allotted parts in the programme was better than usual, Mr. Herne and Mrs. Fulford being the most prominent characters in the first play, while in the finale Mr. Whiffen created even more laughter of the genuine sort than on the preceding evening. "Hard Struggles" and "Kathleen Mavourneen" are the attractions to-night, and an immense bill it is, too. Be sure to go.

PERSONAL.

The following order has been issued from the headquarters department of Arizona, under date of March 22, 1875: "Captain A. H. Nickerson, 23d Infantry, Aid-de-Camp, is relieved from duty as Acting Assistant Adjutant-General of the department, and will accompany the undersigned, via San Francisco, California, to Omaha, Nebraska." Captain Nickerson was stationed for several years in Portland.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

TUESDAY, April 13, 1875.

U. S. vs Wm. P. Wilson; order that money deposited in lieu of bail be forfeited to the United States.

U. S. clerk's accounts for the month examined and approved.

Adjourned until Saturday next.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Archon Kelly and wife to Isaac S. Thomas—Southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 20; also southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section 21, T. 1 S, R. 4 E. $800.

Two Germans passed the Postoffice near,
And at each other they looked so queer,
That one of them turned right about,
And to the other like this did shout:
"Hans, why all des unhappiness,
Was known what made dem clothes fit best?
Come! Bird's Emporium was not far,
And smoke mit me a fine Cigar."

This poem is not the best in the world, but is good enough to express the extreme happiness felt while smoking a Cigar from BIRD'S EMPORIUM, First street, bet. Morrison and Alder.

THE OYSTER RING.

A gentleman who resides down the Columbia river, sends us the following as his experience in opening bivalves:

The pathway to reform is not strewn with roses. I am reminded of this by a little incident: I have always bought my oysters opened. Mrs. P. and myself are fond of oysters, and eat a great many of them. It occurred to me one day—last Saturday, to be more direct—that there existed a monopoly in opening oysters that was hurtful to the public purse. Whenever I get hold of a notion of that kind I work it up. I worked this up; I brought home a half-bushel of oysters in the shell Saturday night, and put them in the cellar till morning, when they were to be opened fresh for breakfast.

When morning came I went down stairs and brought up the oysters, while Mrs. P. got ready a knife and pan. I wasn't quite dressed, because I was a little eager to profit by an experiment. Mrs. P. shared this earnestness in a measure, and was anxious to have me go to work at once.

It is said that the less a man knows about anything the more willingly he engages to do it. I knew nothing about opening oysters—I had never opened one in my life. But what I lacked in knowledge I made up in zeal.

When everything was ready, I smiled at Mrs. P. and commenced. I found the most difficulty with the first oyster. I looked some fifteen minutes for the hole in which to insert the knife; but I couldn't find it. Mrs. P., who had rather impartially watched the survey, suggested that it might have fallen out, and would be in the basket. Mrs. P. was lightly costumed, and there was no fire in the stove. These things wore on her and made her ironical.

There was no use looking farther for a hole in that oyster. I got out my jack-knife, which was sharp, and placed the point at which reasonably appeared to be a crevice, and pushed firmly against it. If I had used a little more firmness, it is more than likely that both the blade and handle would have passed through my hand. As it was, it was only a part of the blade, and I was enabled to pull it from the same side it entered. This was an unexpected advantage, and I hope I was sufficiently gratified, but it is doubtful.

Mrs. P. screamed when the blood flew. "You're the awkwardest man I ever saw," she observed. It was an easy remark. Ninety-nine women in every hundred would have said it.

I tied up the wound in silence and renewed my endeavors to gain an entrance with zeal materially abated. Pretty soon I missed part of one thumb and the knife snapped in two. I thought over a few oaths I had heard when a boy, while Mrs. P. went for another knife. They don't make knives of the material they used to. I was surprised to see them break as fast as they did before I got that oyster open. Mrs. P. was somewhat surprised herself. I think if I had not been bald there would have been considerable variety added to the performance.

I didn't break the last knife. It slipped over the edge of that accursed bivalve and went across the apex of my knuckles with a ferocity almost human. It next went into the stove; I went into the yard to think. Mrs. P. went up stairs for a cry. When I came in I was accompanied by the ax. The balance of those oysters came open in two minutes.

And monopolies are better endured than cured.

ORTHOGRAPHICAL TOURNAMENTS.

At last the "spelling fever," about which so much has been said and written lately, has reached Portland. The Literary Society of Taylor-street M. E. church propose holding a spelling contest at their meeting on the first Wednesday in May, with other exercises. Now all ye people draw forth your dictionaries and study the hard words, to prepare for the orthographical war.

There will be a spelling match at the vestry of the Baptist church next Monday evening, followed by a social entertainment. Any persons wishing to try their talents or listen to the exercises, can enjoy the luxury by the payment of two bits. The Pacific Coast Speller will be used, and disputed words will be settled by reference to Webster's Unabridged.

Poor spellers can no longer shelter themselves behind the ambiguity of phonography or the license of illegible penmanship, for there is to be a genuine spelling match at the vestry of the Congregational church on Friday evening next, in connection with other attractions. Full particulars will be given to-morrow.

SOMETHING NEW.

The new style of promenade photographs. These beautiful pictures are now made at Bosco & Megler's new rooms, Nos. 127 and 129, First street. Call and examine them.

Mr. J. C. Fitzgerald, agent for the Vallejo patent socket broom, has samples at the Cosmopolitan Hotel. The detached brooms are packed for shipment in boxes as compactly as dry goods, and costs the dealer but one-fifth the freight of the ordinary broom, making it a more desirable as well as profitable broom. Mr. F. informs us that he has taken orders for over two thousand dozen within the last two months. Interior merchants, call and see samples. Send orders to Robinson, Fowler & Co., South Vallejo, California. All orders shipped from San Francisco. Hacheny & Stenning, First and Taylor streets, have the Socket Broom for sale.

M. ROSENBLATT, Clothier, has just returned from San Francisco with a large Stock of Spring Goods—particularly Boys' and Youths' Clothing, at lower rates than ever. Call and see before purchasing. The store is No 70 Front street.

The observing man must have noted a change in the establishment of BECK & WALDMAN. The last steamer brought them quite a large invoice of Spring Styles, which they are having displayed for the inspection of their numerous customers. They will continue to offer the public the best bargains. As usual the stock of Youth's clothing is varied and parents may find many new things that will be sure to please. Drop in this evening.

The Spring time has come, and with it new Goods to our enterprising merchants. The styles are much changed in clothing, and the dull times have worked a change in prices too, so much so, that persons with limited means can invest liberally. J. KOHN, opposite National Bank, is among the first to introduce the latest styles from the Eastern markets. He has an immense stock which is well worth looking through. Call and see the new stock.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.

CHANCE & WELCH,

Dentists,

Office—First Street,

(Nearly over Express Office.)

PORTLAND.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ABOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramps, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhoea, nervous head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can *do it* by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease, and all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBoyle & Co, Druggists, 504 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'cl'k, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C. of R. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

It is an Established Fact, that Consumption can be cured, but it is far better to prevent the cruel disease from fastening itself on the system, by the timely use of a remedy like DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. This standard preparation will speedily cure a cough or cold, and even Consumption often yields to its great power.

IMPORTANT.—Indorsed by the Medical profession. DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. DR. TOWNSLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE.

THE REVIVAL IN ALBANY.

ALBANY, April 12, 1875.

To THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Never before in the history of our city has there been such an awakening and intensity of feeling on the subject of religion. For years Albany has borne the name of being a religious and very moral place; yet those who have been conversant with the true state of affairs have recognized the fact that its religion was cold and sectarian, lacking the warm, zealous and brotherly feeling characteristic of the great brotherhood of the Christian Church. Hence it has been that heretofore all attempts at a warm and active revival of religion in our midst have signally failed. During the last two months, however, there has been a deep religious feeling pervading the whole community. Meetings have been held daily and nightly in the M. E. church, the largest church in town. The building has been densely crowded for six weeks, every available spot in the seats, aisles and around the pulpit being occupied by anxious listeners.

The evening meetings began at 6½ o'clock, and usually adjourned at 10. Long before the first bell, the streets were crowded with men and women on their way to church, anxious to be in time to obtain seats. As a consequence of the constant and prolonged attendance of so many people, the inclemency of the weather, and the insufficient ventilation of the house, many persons are suffering from violent colds and great fatigue of body and mind; and while many have obtained the bread of everlasting life, no doubt many have also implanted within themselves the seeds of disease that will eventually result in their physical death.

Spiritually, the meetings have resulted in a wonderful manifestation of God's power to convert and reclaim even the most obstinate and hardened sinners. And yet, while so much has been done that is good, it may be that there has been harm done also by indiscreet conduct of some of those professing conversion as well as by veterans in the cause. No doubt many who were thinking seriously have been indiscreetly and too urgently importuned to go forward to the altar, until they finally became disgusted with the whole affair, and as a result are farther from Christianity to-day than ever before.

The regular church meetings have closed, but the afternoon prayer meetings are still in progress and are well attended.

OBSERVER.

OUR SALEM LETTER.

SALEM, April 11, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

A large number of persons visited the State penitentiary to-day, among them, quite a number of the dramatic company of your city, thus enjoying the pleasant weather, satisfying curiosity and listening to divine services,—all at one and the same time.

The Color Guard was very well rendered to very good audiences, by the members of Baker and Canby Post G. A. R. As the play had never before been acted in this city, it was very interesting, and really deserved better patronage.

Active preparations are now being inaugurated by those who have contracts for the season. Mr. Collins will commence preparing his brickyard at the penitentiary, and as he has leased quite a number of convicts, will be able to manufacture a large amount of building material.

There is some activity in the real estate business, both in county and city property.

MONDAY, April 12.

Yesterday Messrs. W. Boothby and H. Stapleton were out riding, when the horse suddenly started to run, overturning the light wagon and violently precipitating them to the ground. Mr. Stapleton had one wrist badly sprained and received some other injuries. Mr. Boothby was also considerably bruised up. Both are getting along very well. '47.

A Tonic of Rare Merit.

There are many tonics, but few indeed which produce any other effect than artificial stimulation of the appetite. This, so far from being a benefit, is a positive detriment, if the digestive organs are weak, because it induces the patient to eat more than the semi-paralyzed stomach can act upon, and thus aggravates indigestion. There is, however, a tonic which possesses the rare merit of imparting both vigor and regularity to the operations of nutrition. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters provoke a wholesome appetite, because they enable the stomach to dispose of what it receives with such health ful rapidity that at the proper time for meals it is not torpid from indigested matter, but craves its timely sustenance. It is the very fact that it facilitates digestion that renders the national stomachic such a powerful coadjutator of nature in instituting those recuperative processes which result in the recovery of the general health. Uninterrupted, vigorous action of the physical machinery inevitably results from the use of this supreme invigorant and alterative.

HEREDITARY CONSUMPTION BAFFLED.

Because there is an inherited tendency to consumption it does not follow that the heir to this sad legacy must die of the disease. The early symptoms of danger are marked—a cough being the first and most prominent. Meet this first indication of peril with HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR, and in three days it will have vanished, and with it all cause of apprehension. No matter how delicate the lungs may be, or how strong the predisposition to consumption, a speedy cure is absolutely certain.

PIKE'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS—Cure in one minute.

TO LET.

FOR RENT.

FORTY ACRES OF GARDEN LAND, INCLUDing 20 acres of Beaver Dam, in good state of cultivation. For full particulars apply to
WM. BARNES,
Stalls 18, 19, 20, 21, Central Market.

WANTS.

WANTED,

TO BUY A GOOD PAYING BUSINESS, or would go in Partnership with some good honest man, or would hire out and let his employer have part of his capital. Inquire of MR. BIERBAUER, Soda Works, No. 4, Front street. a10d6t

AGENTS WANTED!

TO CANVASS FOR THE Illustrated Weekly, either in Oregon or Washington Territory. Those wishing canvassing outfits apply to
a7d6t J. M. FISK, Albany, Or.

WANTED,

ALL PERSONS WHO ORDERED STRAWBERry Plants, (of the Los Angeles variety, exhibited at the State Fair,) through A. J. Dufur, to send their orders to him or the undersigned. Residence first house east of the Asylum, East Portland.
D. W. ELLIS.
April 1, 1875. a8d6t

Don't Buy Before Seeing the

NEW HOME S. M.

Highest Premium, Gold Medal, Awarded by American Institute.

Manufacture Commenced 1873.

LIGHT RUNNING.

Every Patron recommends them. Over 90,000 sold. Improved Home Shuttle, new style. Makes 3 Stitches. Just received. The only practical low-priced machine in the market. Diamond Hemmers in sets. Needles, all kinds, 75 cts per dozen. Either Machine guaranteed to give satisfaction. Sold on New Plan. Don't believe false statements of Agents for other Machines. Receiving from Factory. Can sell at lowest Cash Prices. Full particulars and Price List sent to any address. Agents wanted. Machines for rent.
GEO. W. TRAYER, Manufacturers' Agent,
S. W. corner Morrison and Third sts.
m26d Sat&wlm

C. A. BURCHARDT,

30 Washington street, south side, between Second and Third,

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

SWISS CHEESE, Etc., Etc.

BILLIARD GOODS

Of all descriptions, at San Francisco prices.

A. CORNART, TAILOR, HAS RESUMED business, and respectfully solicits a share of patronage. Front street, Cosmopolitan Hotel Building. a3Mon&Thf

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

A Genser, Salem
J McKinney, Junction
S J Matlock, Clackamas
H Blackburn, St Helens
C Bird, Seattle
F Johnson, Pt Townsend
T R Cornelius, Cornelius
N F Gregg, Polk county
G W Clark, do
W F Kremer, San Fran
T E Connelly, Linn Co
J H Price, Kalama
P Buckley, Vancouver
Jos Wright, Oregon City
Mrs J Wright & child, do
Dr Wm Lester, Albany
S Joseph, do
C S Carter, Halsey
C Smith, Salem
J H Broom & wife, Walla Walla
J W Butler, Dalles
N. R. Bloomfield, St Helens
R G O'Brien, Olympia
Frank Clark, Steilacoom
E G Ingalls, Kalama
Miss McGibons, Or City
Miss Wright, do
Chas Baker, Eugene

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

P N Kearney, Oak Point
J N Wilson, do
J A Millard, Albany
J D Cook, San Francisco
Jay D Baugher, do
W J Fisher, do
Oscar Groenow, do
S F Chadwick, Salem
J Jamison, Eureka
E Valliere, Freeport
J D Miller, do
A Noltner, Oregon City
J J Brown, Scio
W S Huston, Willow Creek
F Sutter, Halsey
E B McFarland, Dalles
Col Nye, do
S H Woolsey, Kalama
Thos Whelan, Cascades
T C Watts, St Helens
Mrs Durant, Walla Walla
A Catlin, Freeport

NATIONAL HOTEL.

Peter Paquet, Or City
John Miller, Lewis river
Con Auer, do
W Simmons, Hillsboro
Mrs Whipple & daughter, Salem
E Gibbons, Washougal
J Walker, Cape Horn
W P Johnson, Cowlitz Co
W A Gardner, Kalama
J C Martin, Martin's Bluff
W S Martin, do
J B Matthews, F Grove
J T Gutts, Skomokway
James Pellant, do
A P Chenery, Butteville
Robert Bell, do
J D Wiley, Vancouver
W H Payne, do
D M Payne, do
W L Smith, Rooster Rock
J C Deaver, do
J T Metcalf, Monticello
J E Metcalf, do

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

Geo Park, San Francisco
J G Lisle, Umatilla
W Simmons, Cathlamet
Shirley Johns, Astoria
H Dowling, Salem
Miss Nevell, do
J D Hurd, Albany
G Y Boyce, Hillsboro
Dr G F Smith, Vancouver
Mrs Styles, Corvallis
Geo Walling, Oswego
J M Bacon, Oregon City
Miss Bacon, do
C M Kester, do
W S Powell, Dayton
Mrs Jones, do
J Nichols & wf, do
W McDonald, Cascades
Mrs Alfred, La Grande
Mrs Shepherd, Hillsboro
A P Davis & son, Silverton

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING.

MERCHANT TAILORING!

Superior to Any Ever Made in Oregon, are those

ELEGANT SUITS!

Turned out by the NEW MAN just out from New York, and employed as CUTTER at the

Fashionable Establishment

OF

FISHEL & ROBERTS,

Cor. First and Washington Sts.

PRICES REDUCED, the FIT IMPROVED and ASSORTMENT of CLOTHS FINER and MORE SELECT than any ever brought to Oregon before.

THE STOCK OF

Ready Made Clothing

Is Complete, and a call at the Establishment WILL CONVINCE EVERY ONE of the SUPERIORITY in QUALITY, and IMMENSE ASSORTMENT IN QUANTITY.

THE RAILROAD FEVER!

EVERYBODY IS ANXIOUS TO HAVE A RAILroad connection with the East, and the present outlook is very encouraging. It will bring new people and new enterprises will be inaugurated, thus improving affairs generally in Oregon. No one should send money out of the State for articles they can procure as cheap and as suitable here. Home industry should at all times be patronized. JOHNSON & QUINN are receiving New Goods by every steamer, and, having had experience in Europe and in the Eastern States for years, feel fully qualified to make up Clothing equal in every particular to any that can be procured in New York or San Francisco. Orders need not be forwarded abroad while they are able to do the work in first class style at prices to compare with eastern manufacturers' figures. They are manufacturing daily as good fitting and as stylish suits as can be found anywhere. Recollect the place and give your orders to them. Send no more money out of the State for fine fitting clothing while this firm can guarantee perfect satisfaction in every particular.

JOHNSON & QUINN,

Stark Street, between First and Second.

NEIMEYER & UTTER,

Merchant Tailors,

45 First St., bet. Oak & Pine.

CAUTION!

GENUINE CAPE ANN OIL CLOTHING can be found only at the San Francisco Clothing Store, 89 Front Street. Any others are imitations put up in San Francisco, as can be seen by their advertisements.
Lookout for the Genuine article we warrant to keep you dry.
m26d1m H. WOLF.

OYSTERS.

The Best Season of the Year to Eat

OYSTERS!

At no time of the year are the SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS in better order or finer flavored than at the present, served in all the different styles, by that King of Oystermen, "ROSCO," EASTERN OYSTERS fresh by every steamer, "GEM SALOON."

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,

No. 107 FIRST STREET.

N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated

Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties

ARE SERVED.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON

KEPT BY OLD WALLER, WHO FOR THE LAST four years conducted the Gem Oyster Saloon, to the universal satisfaction of his employers and all who visited said place, is now prepared to attend to the wants of his numerous friends at his own place; which he warrants will be kept only on First Class principles. He also would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made arrangements to get FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS expressly selected for him twice a week, and A No. 1 EASTERN OYSTERS per every steamer.

A cordial invitation is extended to Ladies and Gentlemen to come and convince themselves as to the kind of a place he keeps.

WM. WALLER,

Oak street, 2d door west of Pfunder's Drug store.

WINDOW GLASS.

100 Boxes

AT COST OF IMPORTATION

FROM ENGLAND,

Sizes from 16x24 to 26x38,

IN LOTS TO SUIT.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. L. STORY,

PORTLAND.

Orders can be left with J. M. CRAWFORD, at KILBOURN'S AUCTION HOUSE.

THIS DAY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED

900 PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS!

Part of a Manufacturer's Stock recently damaged by

FIRE IN SAN FRANCISCO!

We have secured this lot at a very low price, and we propose to give our Customers the full benefit of the reduction.

Also—NEW DRESS GOODS, TIES, GLOVES, &c.

GROS GRAIN RIBBONS, in new shades.

BLK IRON FRAME GRENADINES.

A New Invoice of Gentlemen's

No. 11 CLOTH COLLAR!

These are all Cloth, and we sell them at the same price as Paper.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP

JOHN HONEYMAN & CO.

Corner Columbia and Front Sts., Portland, Oregon.

HAVING recently rebuilt and enlarged our Works, we are now prepared to fill all orders for any Work in our line, viz:

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every description furnished at short notice at lowest market rates.

Repairing promptly attended to. ja27dly

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS,

Incorporated Sept 12, 1865,

CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREETS.

P. FITTBOGEN, Secretary. PETER TAYLOR, President.

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,

MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE

High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.

WATER WHEELS, of several patterns, equal to any imported, on hand and made to order, of any size.

REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge for the use of them.

Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the [illegible] Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.

DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc. House Castings, Etc., Etc.

ja1 tf JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President HENRY FAILING.
Cashier JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital........$1,562,500

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000 000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

BRANCHES

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

AGENCIES

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on

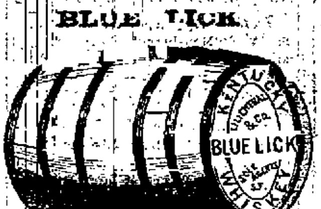
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

BLUE LICK



WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade, at jobbing rates.

H. FLECKENSTEIN,

SOLE AGENT,

Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors, No. 147 First, near Taylor street.

PAPER HANGINGS

WILSON & FENIMORE,

MANUFACTURERS,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Samples Furnished.

REMOVAL.

DR. ALFRED KINNEY has removed his Office and Residence to the Northwest corner of Alder and East Park streets, (double house), where he can be found at any time. a6wlmdtf

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA, OREGON,

ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONsignments of Goods to be forwarded to all points in Oregon and Idaho, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,

For the Storage of Goods, and a large experience, which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to.

Consignments solicited. Mark goods: Care J. R. F.

Always on hand, a full assortment of Groceries, Provisions & Clothing, Mechanics, Miners & Blacksmiths' Tools, And a Large Stock of IRON AND STEEL, Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

GAS FIXTURES.

HAVING RECEIVED FROM THE EAST AN Assorted Invoice of the most

Fashionable & Elegant

GAS FIXTURES,

I am prepared to sell

At Greatly Reduced Rates.

JOHN DONNERBERG,

Plumber, Gas & Steam Fitter,

THIRD STREET, between Morrison and Yamhill.

m20 1m

J. SIMON & CO.,

56 FRONT STREET,

DEALERS IN

DOORS AND BLINDS

WINDOW SASH, ETC.

1,000 Boxes Glass

ENAMELED GLASS,

STAINED GLASS,

CRYSTAL SHEET,

And CUT GLASS.

PRICES REDUCED

Call before purchasing elsewhere.

GLAZING DONE TO ORDER.

THE STANDARD MAP

OF PORTLAND, EAST PORTLAND AND ALBINA, Oregon, with all the Additions and adjacent Lands, prepared and published from the latest records by

W. S. CHAPMAN, City Surveyor

for several years of Portland and East Portland. The numbering of all Lots and Blocks is plainly shown.

These Maps are colored, varnished, and mounted on cloth, with rollers.

Price in currency, including postage, $5 00.

For sale by

J. K. GILL & CO.,

Booksellers & Stationers.

mar15d1m Portland, Oregon.

SIGNS! SIGNS! SIGNS!

WM. P. BERGER,

Practical Painter,

Shop, No. 40 Morrison st., bet. Second and Third.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF Plain, Ornamental and Fancy Signs with neatness and dispatch. Gilding on Glass, Banner and picture painting a specialty.

Also, Graining, Paper Hanging, and house work in all its branches, done in a superior manner. Give me a call.

SLAB WOOD AND BRICK.

ORDERS FOR THE ABOVE CAN BE LEFT AT SPAULDING BROS., Central Market, WEEKS & MORGAN, Third and Morrison, S. LEVY, First, bet. Morrison and Yamhill.

Prompt attention given and prices reasonable.

m31d2m N. VERSTEEG.

GEORGE MORROW. WILLIAM SCOTT.

GEO. MORROW & CO.

GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

39 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco

mar12d6m

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

PUBLIC READING ROOM.

LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS, AND MAGazines—a warm, comfortable room, where the citizen and stranger—especially young men—are always welcome.

Noon meetings daily, except Sundays, from 12:15 till 1 P. M.

Room No. 1, over Ladd & Tilton's Bank, corner of Stark and First streets. W. C. CHATTIN, General Secretary.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1875.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office:

DAILY.		WEEKLY.	
One Year, by mail	$10 00	One Year, by mail	$3 00
Per month "	1 00	Six Months	2 00
By carrier, per week	25c	Three "	1 00

Remittances may be made by Draft, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter, at our risk.

Be sure to give Postoffice address in full, including State and County.

Renewals should be made at least two weeks before expiration of subscription.

Address OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., Portland, Oregon.

THE TERRITORIES.

Snow fell to the depth of six inches between Boise and Idaho City on the night of the 3d inst.

Alturas county is over $40,000 in debt, with nothing to show for it except a court house and jail.

The big copper strike in Bingham is creating considerable excitement in Salt Lake City among mining men.

The Seattle *Intelligencer* says that ten Norwegian families have bought 1,200 acres of land on Snoqualmie river.

Potatoes are selling in Denver for three cents a pound, or $1.80 per bushel. They are just double that in Silver City, Idaho.

Two car loads of horses were shipped from Denver for San Francisco last week. They were valued at $1,000 to $2,500 a span.

Judge Alonson Smith, formerly of Portland, lectured last week at Idaho City for the benefit of the Sabbath school library fund of that city. The subject of the lecture was—Our Government; is it Republican or Imperial?

The *Union* says: Salmon are quite plentiful in Walla Walla at present. It takes a good trip to stand against the current, and during the late freshet many of the fish succeeded in ascending the stream to this city and above it.

The Walla Walla *Union* of last Saturday says: On last Saturday the body of the boy Silley, who was drowned in Mill creek, a few miles above town, on the day before, was found in a drift about a mile below the place where the accident occurred.

A few cattle have died at the foothills about twenty-five miles from Silver City from a poison that exists in the grass generally supposed to be the larkspur. Every season a small number of animals are carried away from this cause, which seems to be removed as the warm weather approaches.

Cheyenne wanted to be the great outfitting point for the Black Hills, but Cheyenne has come to grief in consequence. Instead of making money out of the excitement, the place is losing, by reason of the citizens being compelled to go down into their pockets to aid those who have flocked there for the purpose of bettering their condition, and getting as far as Cheyenne, find themselves penniless in a strange land.

NORTH CAROLINA COUNTRY WOMEN.

The next day we drove on down the river to Warm Springs. In the carriage by my side, on the comfortable back seat, rode Philip Romer, while Uncle Jake and Ermine sat opposite. We had all so insisted that he had found no room for excuse. The major accompanied us on horseback, and the professor was some miles behind, in the stage. Herr Freulig had with difficulty obtained a mule, and now rode wherever that animal preferred, sometimes far ahead, sometimes off on side tracks up gorges, but generally close behind, the mule's head in uncomfortable proximity to my backbone. We met several country women on horseback, going to town, with the usual white sack hung over the saddle behind.

"Now those sun-bonnets and calico dresses, if ugly, are at least comfortable," said Ermine; "but the riding dresses of the class next above are something unique, both in ugliness and total want of fitness as to place and circumstance. The grim-faced wife of a well-to-do farmer, riding into town on horseback, clad in a green delaine flounced dress, a broad cotton-lace collar low down on her collar-bones, and a small bonnet perched on the back of her head, with a brown vail dangling down behind is—"

"Worth coming to see," said Uncle Jake.

"Perhaps you are right, uncle. But a bonnet on horseback! Then the brown vail! Will any one explain to me how it is that in the country a vail always seems to be considered a trimming for the bonnet? In all my rambles through Arcadia I don't know that I have ever seen a vail down fair and square over the face, city fashion, where it belongs."

"Country women are sensible, and, like the sunshine, nice."

"Then why wear a vail at all?"

"There are noble hearts under those gaunt, ungraceful exteriors that excite your mirth, Miss Stuart," said Phillip Romer. "Those very women will come over the mountains from far away, when you are ill, and nurse you tenderly for pure charity's sake. When the winter is hard they will share with you and bake you a cake from their last meal. They will spin their wool and dye and weave, and make you clothing from the cloth. This jacket I wear was such a gift. You must excuse its homeliness, for it is all I have."—*Harper's Magazine for April.*

WHO IS IT?—AN AMERICAN IN TROUBLE IN PARIS.—A Paris letter to the *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "An American citizen has been lying here in durance vile for a long time, and under peculiar circumstances. A little before the Universal Exhibition of 1867 a distinguished officer of the United States started a bank in Paris, and, wishing to acquire an official status, he solicited the honor of being made one of the American Commissioners. Failing in the first instance, as the matter was difficult, he persuaded a legal friend to go to Washington, and with $10,000 get a private bill passed through Congress. This was done, and the Finance Minister got an extra grant voted for the new Commissioner. When the lawyer went back to London he communicated with the distinguished officer, whose bank, in spite of superhuman efforts and the running of a talented English gentleman, had collapsed. He said he had managed to get the bill through Congress for $7,600, and he consequently had $2,400 at the Colonel's disposal. But the Colonel, in filing his accounts, had set down the lawyer as having received from, and consequently owing, him $10,000 which the creditors were very anxious to get from him. When Bazaine was being tried, the lawyer came to Paris, being anxious to see how military justice is administered in this country. He was busily following that dramatic affair, when one morning he received the visit of an official, who, after a few preliminary questions, marched him off to prison on the charge of owing $10,000 to the long-ago collapsed bank. And for the last fifteen months the lawyer has been lying in prison, and the American Minister has been unable to get him out."

IN MEMORIAM.

The following resolutions, reported by the committee whose names are attached, were adopted by Canyon City Lodge No. 34, F. & A. M., March 20th:

WHEREAS, It has pleased an all-wise Providence to remove from our midst, by death, on the 16th day of March, 1875, our well beloved brother, Val. P. Clark, late a member of Social Lodge No. 266, A. F. & A. M., of the State of Missouri, therefore the members of Canyon City Lodge No. 34, A. F. & A. M., resolve—

1. That we hereby express our deep sorrow at the untimely death of our deceased brother.
2. That in the demise of Bro. Clark our fraternity has lost one of its purest members, his relatives a true and kind son and brother, and society an honored and upright man.
3. That as a token of respect for the deceased brother, our lodge room be draped in mourning and the members of the fraternity wear the usual badge for thirty days.
4. That a copy of these resolutions be spread in full upon the records of our lodge; that a copy, properly attested by the secretary, be forwarded to the father of the deceased brother, also one to his lodge, and a copy be forwarded to the OREGONIAN and one to the *Mountaineer* for publication.

Dated this 20th of March, A. D. 1875.

PHIL. METSCHAN,
J. A. LAYCOCK,
W. B. LASSWELL,
Committee.

Attest:
JAMES ROBINSON, Secretary.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The ship *Alaska*, with 2,000 tons Departure Bay coal, passed down last Saturday.

The bark *Ida F. Taylor* has completed her cargo of lumber at Burrard Inlet and sailed for Australia.

Preparations are being made throughout the province for the proper celebration of the Queen's birthday.

Mr. Spencer is preparing to blow up the rock in Victoria harbor. A steam drill will be used in the work.

The appointment of Mr. T. E. Peck as collector of customs for the port of Nanaimo is gazetted at Ottawa.

The gratifying intelligence has been received that Mr. S. Drake and Mr. Jos. Hugo, who were reported dead, were both alive and well and pushing on towards the new El Dorado of the North.

In the House of Commons, March 22d, Mr. DeCosmos moved his resolution declaring the expediency of securing a commercial treaty with the Hawaiian Kingdom. He referred to the United States' treaty with the Sandwich Islands, and said that a quantity of sugar had been imported into British Columbia from those islands. The object of the United States was to obtain possession of the Sandwich Islands, the half-way house between China and British Columbia, and in such a case the interests of the Dominion would be jeopardized. He therefore asked that the attention of the government might be directed to the subject, so that we might secure a similar treaty.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 13, 1875.

Gold in New York, 115¼.

Legal tenders in Portland—buying, 87½; selling 89½.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco ½ of 1 per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ of 1 per cent. premium.

Coin Exchange on New York 1 per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on New York ½ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York ½ per cent. premium.

Gold Bars 800.

Latest Liverpool wheat quotations are 9s 3d@9s. 7d for average California, and 9s 11d@9s 11d for club.

The prospect for a livelier state of commercial affairs is growing better, and though the volume of transactions, as far as they are made public, are yet limited, they show an improving tendency, and the depression of business interests under which the country has for some time been laboring seems possibly now to be drawing toward a change, but its approach is, to say the most, very slow and in no part of the country has the spring season so far been marked by any sudden revival of business activity. At the East, as here, the season was backward, and rumors were frequent and loud among business men of the dullness of the times; but a break has at last occurred, and a much more hopeful state of things has come about. Already there has been a marked improvement in the various branches of trade in different sections of the country, especially in New England. There, the manufacturers are beginning to run their mills, which had been only working fractional portions of the week, on full time again, and some are reported to be running twelve and fourteen hours out of the twenty-four. This is done to meet a demand for their products such as has not been experienced for many a long day. The natural impetus given to other industries, caused by the revival of trade among the manufacturers, has produced its effect in the New England cities, and the Boston wholesale dealers and jobbers are overflooded with orders.

That our own city will experience some benefit from this revival of trade is more than likely, as business activity brings accumulation of capital and that, seeking profitable investment, flows out in its measure to all sections of the country, and though we are so remote from the (as yet) great commercial and monetary centers, that fact only makes our growth, which is certain, a little slower. Trade matters in our local market to-day exhibit a little more life than was observed yesterday, and prices are not changed on leading articles of domestic produce—there is a fair demand for most commodities of an exportable character. Wheat, oats and mill feed, potatoes, butter, bacon and ripe fruits can be placed quite readily at our quotations, and flour, though transactions are limited just at present, is held firmly at the same price by agents of leading mills. Eggs are weaker and prices drooping.

Miscellaneous.

The Pacific Mail Company have sold the steamers Ancon and Nebraska to Goodall, Nelson & Perkins, and they will be placed in the coast trade. The old, sidewheel steamer California, recently purchased by N. Bichard, is being converted into a sailing vessel, and will be placed in the northern coast trade.

The Chinese Government has just negotiated a loan with the Oriental Bank of San Francisco for 2,000,000 taels at 10½ per cent per annum.

There were 10,000 tons of disengaged tonnage in the port of Hongkong on the 1st of last month.

The regular auction sale of teas by S. L. Jones & Co., of San Francisco, will take place on the 20th inst. At their last sales the prices obtained were low. The offering consisted of 2,000 pkgs Japan, the terms being 90 days on all sums over $150. Sample lots only were sold, including 25 mats Japan, each four 4½ lb bxs at 41c; 25 cs do, in lacquered bxs, 56c; 19 cs do, in 2-lb do, 62c; 25 hf chests, in 1-lb papers, 39c; 25 do do, in ½-lb papers, 40c; 75 mats English Breakfast, each two 10-lb bxs, 51c; 25 mats, each four 4½-lb. flowered bxs, 67c; 200 hf chests Oolong Pouchong, in ½-lb papers, 15½c per lb.

The marine commerce of the world is carried on in 56,000 registered sailing vessels and 8,500 registered steam vessels. The tonnage of the former is 14,500,000, and has decreased nearly ten per cent. in four years; the steam tonnage, on the contrary, has increased from 2,800,000 to 5,200,000, or nearly doubled. The percentage of losses to the whole number of sailing vessels was 3.68 to the hundred in 1874, and 4.72 in 1873; for steamers, 3.41 in 1874 and 5.63 in 1873, which was a very bad year.

Under the new tariff the duty on chiccory is advanced from 1c to 5c per lb. The difference of 4c. gold added to the price of all foreign chiccory ought to greatly stimulate home production.

Latest dates from Valparaiso says the wheat trade was dull and nothing doing for export. The crop prospects were less flattering, and the views of holders of old wheat were considerably above those of exporters. The nominal rate was $2.37½ per 155 lbs. Barley was slack at $2 00¼ per 155 lbs.

The recent advance in the price of potatoes in San Francisco to 2½ cents per lb has caused an enormous accumulation of the product in that market, but the corner is still maintained.

Shipping Intelligence.

The bark Menshikoff, from this port for San Francisco April 5th, off Mendocino, was struck by a heavy sea, washed part of deck load overboard, lost one boat, and blew away main topsail at same time.

The steamship Ajax, due from San Francisco, had not arrived at a late hour this evening.

The schooner Superior has her cargo out.

The Arauco is receiving flour at Flanders' wharf.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

LIVERPOOL, April 12—Arrived—Ship Star, from San Francisco, after a passage of more than six months.

Sailed—Ships Cairnsmere and Ida Iredale, San Francisco.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—Flour—Extra, $5@5 37½.

Wheat—Choice, $1 67½; best, $1 70.

Barley—Feed, coast, $1 42½@1 45; brewing, $1 50@1 52½.

Oats—Choice, $2 05; best, Oregon, $1 12½.

Hay—$10@16.

Corn—White, $1 55; small yellow, $1 55.

Potatoes—Tomales, $2 25@2 35; choice Humboldt and Russian river, $2 40@2 60; new crop, $2 60.

Bran—Mill price, $17.

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A. FALKINBURG consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

offered to the Trade at low rates, by

ALLEN & LEWIS.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

ALL COUNTY ORDERS ENDORSED PRIOR to April 12, 1875, will be paid on presentation at my office, after that date.

F. HARBAUGH,
Treasurer of Multnomah county.

c9d3t

MARKETS.

REID & VESTAL,
BUTCHERS & PACKERS,
Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,
Has returned to he
COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,
Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.
E. H. GARLING,
Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SCLOTH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his
NEW BUTCHER SHOP,
Washington St., one door East of Third

E. CORBETT'S
Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,
(FIRE PROOF),
COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.

Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

OBSERVE PRICES:
Riding, $1 50 per hour.
Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 each additional hour.
To boats, 50 cents each passenger.
Funerals, $5 per Hack.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 a couple.

Orders left at STABLE or EISHEL & ROBERTS, promptly attended to at any hour.

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY
OFFICE & HACK STABLES,
S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES:
Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 00 for each additional hour.
Riding, $1 50 per hour.
To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.
Funerals, $5 00 a Hack.

All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

The Grandest Achievement of the Age!

The Little Monitor
SEWING MACHINE!
NO SHUTTLE! NO BOBBINS!

No rewinding of thread. Makes the Lock Stitch, Chain Stitch and Cable Stitch, from two commercial spools, direct.

IT IS THE LIGHTEST RUNNING, AND makes the least noise of any machine in the world. The most simple in construction, and the easiest operated.

Will sew from the finest to the heaviest of fabrics without any change of tension.

SEWS 25 PER CENT. FASTER

Than any other Machine, making 5½ stitches to the revolution.

The public are invited to call and see this

WONDERFUL INVENTION!

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

For further particulars call at
104 Third Street, near Alder, Good Templars' Building.
MRS. A. B. PAXTON,
Sole Agent for Oregon.

JUST RECEIVED
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND
NAILS.
THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.
Shelf and Builders' Hardware.
MECHANICS' TOOLS.
&c, &c., at
57 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.
JOHN R. FOSTER.

OSCAR KILBOURN,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

Real Estate at Auction.
SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1875,
Improved City Residence Property, fine location.
ALSO,
Other REAL ESTATE.
OSCAR KILBOURN,
Auctioneer.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. LORD, Portland

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter
Old BOURBON WHISKY
And Importers of
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.
431 Jackson St., San Francisco,
And 25 Front Street, Portland, Oregon

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public.
EDW'D CHATTIN, Commissioner for Oregon

KING & CHATTIN,
(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased,)
Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds
For all the States and Territories,
CONVEYANCERS,
REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS
Office—412 California St., San Francisco, California.

Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions. d19d6m1pw6m

WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,
DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,
Corner of First and Oak streets, (Portland)
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting between A. B. Richardson and S. L. N. Gilman is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Parties indebted to the late firm will please make immediate payment to A. B. Richardson, who will continue the business at the old stand in his own name.

A. B. RICHARDSON.
SAM'L L. N. GILMAN.

Portland April 5, 1875.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co
To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:10 P.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:15 P.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:06 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing
PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.
E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.
To take Effect Monday, March 29, 1875,
Trains will run between
PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	4:30 P. M.	St. Joseph	6:30 P. M.
St. Joseph	6:30 A. M.	Portland	10:30 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove; at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.

Freight received at the Company's New Warehouse, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.
PACIFIC DIVISION.
KALAMA TO TACOMA.
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5:30 P. M.
Tacoma	5:30 A. M.	Kalama	12:40 P. M.

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Sundays and Wednesdays at 6 P. M. with Steamer for Victoria and Stikine Mines.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co. Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.
H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.
Kalama, W. T., Feb. 6, 1875.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

COUGHS, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, Sore Throat, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bleeding of the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

This well-known preparation does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most medicines, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors, Boston. Sold by REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & Co., San Francisco, and by dealers generally.

To Farmers and Others.

IMMIGRANTS ARE ARRIVING in the State by every steamer in search of employment, and the Board find difficulty in getting vacancies for them. We therefore earnestly request Farmers and others who require Farm Hands or labor of any kind, to immediately communicate with us and we will gladly supply them with such labor free of charge on our part. Please state the wages offered, the class of men you want, and for how long employment will be given. The Assistant Secretary is in daily attendance at the Board Rooms, Ankeny's Building, Portland, from 10 to 3 P. M. each day, to whom all letters should be addressed.

W. S. LADD,
B. GOLDSMITH,
H. W. CORBETT,
C. LEINENWEBER,
WILLIAM REID,
State Commissioners of Immigration.

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For Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy.

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CHIEF OF POLICE SALE
FOR
DELINQUENT CITY TAXES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of a Warrant issued by order of the Common Council of the City of Portland, directed to me and attached to the tax roll of the City of Portland, levied by Ordinances No. 1597 and 1598, and commanding me to collect the taxes designated thereon as delinquent, and for want of personal property to make said taxes, I have levied upon, and on

Monday, the 3d day of May, 1875

I will sell at Public Auction at the Court House door in the City of Portland, Multnomah county, State of Oregon, so much of the following described lots and parcels of land as may be necessary to pay the taxes due thereon, in United States coin, as levied by the Ordinances aforesaid, together with all fees and costs. Said land is situated in the City of Portland, county and State aforesaid, and was assessed to the following named persons, to-wit:

Name.	*Description.*	*Am't Tax.*
Austin, B D, Agent	Block 24, lot 5	$21 00
Brown, Samuel	Block 76, S ½ of lot 2	1 38
Boquette, Francis	Couch Addition, block 167, W ½ of W ½ of all	2 75
Burton, J J	Couch Addition, block 24, lot 2	9 75
Barber, Ellen	Block 204, lot 1	1 69
Butts, W H	Block E E, ½ of lots 5 and 6	2 25
Bottler, Isabella	Couch Addition, block 55, lots 2 and 3	16 13
Brown, Wm	Couch Addition, block 77, lots 2 and 3	3 38
Burte, Mrs H E	All of block 195	1 88
Cone, P J	Caruthers' Addition, block 48, lots 5 and 6	3 38
Cary, E H	Caruthers' Addition, block 69, lot 3	19
County, R G	Block 289, lots 3 and 4	12 00
Casey, Mary E	Block 154, lots 3 and 4	10 13
Curren, Miss	Building on block 183, lot 6	75
Collins, Mrs M	Carter's Addition, block A, part of N W cor sub lot 15	1 50
Donovan, John & Ann	Couch Addition, block 157, lots 1, 4, 5 and 8; and block 52, lot 1	38 25
Dash, Mary L	Block 121, lot 50x70 feet	2 44
Drummond & Long	Building on block 10, lot 5	3 38
Dardis, L	Couch Addition, block 159, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4	6 00
Dinneen, Timothy	Couch Addition, block 239, lots 3 and 6	2 25
Espinola, A	Couch Addition, block 66, lot 5	1 50
Freiney, James	Carter's Addition, block 11, lot 4	1 88
Fisk, J H	Block 256, N 40 feet of lot 7; block 255, lot 8; building on block 41, lot 6	17 25
Freeborn, Robt D	Couch Addition, block 156, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4	
Fellows, Chas	Couch Addition, block 63, lot 7	
Failing, X J	Block 63, W ½ of lots 7 and 8	
Farmer, J F	Building on Couch Addition, block 13, lot 1	2 25
Fox & Armstrong	Couch Addition, block 156, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8	6 00
Fox, Jas C	Caruthers' Addition, block 47, W ½ of lots 1 and 2; and block 47, lots 7 and 8	3 38
Fecker & Hudson	Improvements, block 9, lot 2	1 50
Grey, M	In S ½ of double block I, 52x66 feet in S E corner	8 25
Gardiner, Chas	Carter's Addition, block 11, lot 3; and Caruthers' Addition, block 49, undivided ½ of all	2 25
Gillihan, W T	Block 322, lots 1 and 2; block 324, all; block 325, all; and block 232, all	2 63
Howard, W H	Block 120, lot 2	2 63
Hickey, Wm	Caruthers' Addition, block 12, lot 4	5 63
Howe, Honora	Caruthers' Addition, block 71, lot 1	56
Harker, Sarah E	Block 223, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8	18 00
Harris, W H	Block 322, W ½ of lots 5 and 6; in S W ¼ 75x100 feet, block W; in S W ¼ 75x237 feet, block W; Caruthers' Addition, block 47, lots 3 and 4	38 25
Harger, Geo. W	Couch Addition, block 99, S ½ of lot 6	2 63
Hibernian Benevolent Society	Block 177, lot 1	[illegible]
Hopkins, Chas	Block 135, lots 3 and 4	6 75
Higgins, W L	Block 116, lot 8	3 75
Holbrook, A, Widow and heirs of	Couch Addition, block 15, lots 1 and 4; block 182, lots 2 and E ½ of 3; block 59, lot 2; on Chapman Claim, block X 1 S 1 E, 10 acres, sec 4	49 50
Hayden, John H	Block 133, lots 7 and 8	18 88
[illegible], Phillip	Building on block 41, lot 5	75
Jaques, Wm	Carter's Addition, block A, 50x150 E ½ of sub lot 16	[illegible]
Johnson, W C	Block 251, W 55 feet of lot 5; and block 251, W 55 feet of S 8 feet of lot 6	
Jackson, Jacob B	Block 108, lot 4	
Johnson, Andrew	On King Claim, sec 33, T N, 1 E, ½ acre	1 05
Jones, C H	Building on Couch Addition, block 69, lot 3	3 00
Kerrigan, Phillip	Improved on block 7, lot 6	[illegible]
Ladd, J L	Park block 2, lot 2	
Lamb, James	Block 202, lot 2	
Lafferty, Jos	Couch Addition, block 249, lots 6 and 7	[illegible]
Lichtenthaler	Caruthers' Addition, block 48, W 60 feet of lots 7 and 8	
Montgomery, J B	Block 207, lot 3	
Murry, J W	Caruthers' Addition, block 65, lots 1, 2, 7, 8 and N ½ of 6	[illegible]
Miller, Arthur F	Block 239, lots 5 and 6	[illegible]
McGowin, J P	Caruthers' Addition, block 2, all	19 50
Martin, Hugh	Caruthers' Addition—block 21, lot 8	5 25
McArthur, Jemima	Couch Addition, block 165, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8; Couch Addition, block 88, lot 5	9 38
McDonald, J D	Block 259, lots 5 and 6	4 13
McDermott, R	Couch Addition, building on block 70, lot 2	
Neibur, Francis	Block 181, lots 5 and 6	
Ogden, W D	Couch Addition, block 70, N ½ of all	[illegible]
Owner Unknown	Block 168, undivided ½ of N ½ of lot 1	
Owner Unknown	Block 276, fraction of all	
Owner Unknown	In S ½ of double block C, N fraction of lot 4	[illegible]
Owner Unknown	Caruthers' Addition, block A, 21x85 feet of N ½ of lot 1	1 88
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 5 in subdivision 26	75
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 6 in subdivision 26	75
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 7 in subdivision 26	75
Owner Unknown	Carter's Addition, block C, lot 8 in subdivision 26	1 13
Pryor, Catherine	Block 183, lot 4	12 00
Patton, Matthew J	Block 7, S ½ of lot 3	5 63
Patton, John A, Estate of	Block 3, lot 4, S ½ of 3, N ⅔ of 5	21 38
Prettyman, P., Estate of	Block 164, lot 6	3 75
Peters, Minna	Couch Addition, block 15, lot 6; and Couch Addition, block 58, lot 6	21 00
Phelan, Helen	Watson's Addition, block 7, lots 5 and 8	1 38
Patterson, C M	Improvement on sec 4, 1 S, 1 E, Davenport, fraction 5 acres	[illegible]
Pollock, Mary L	Block 196, lot 1	[illegible]
Price, John H	Caruthers' Addition, block 41, lot 4	2 25
Protzman, F C	Block 197, lots 5 and 6	5 25
Preston, Jeremiah	Block 236, lot 5	3 38
[illegible], Frank	Caruthers' Addition, block 42, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6	7 50
Ryan, Ann, Estate of	Block Y, N W ¼ of S W ¼ of all	3 00
Reinke, Chas, Estate of	Caruthers' Addition block 25, lots 1 and 2	6 75
Reid, Mary S	Block 217, lots 1 and 2	20 44
Richards, Sol	Couch Addition, block 152, lots 5, 6 and 7	[illegible]
Reed, James	Block W, lot 27x200 feet on W. Twelfth street	3 00
Smith, P C	Couch Addition, block 86, lots 6, 7 and 8	7 13
Stephenson, H J	Park block 4, lot 3; and block 312, lots 5, 6 and E ½ of 7	1 50
Smith, Hannah M	Block 20, N ½ of lot 2	6 00
Shipley, A R	Block 1, N ½ of lot 4	41 63
Shattuck, S F	Block 182, lot 4 and S ½ of 3; and Couch Addition, block 123, lots 1 and 4	12 38
Shank, J S	Block 317, lots 5 and 6	4 13
Savarian, C S	Block 200, lot 1	6 00
Semple, Ruth A	Block 259, W ½ of E ½ of lots 7 and 8; block 328, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6; block 208, lot 6; block 329, lot 6 and fraction of 3; block 319, lots 3 and 6; block 329, fraction of lots 3 and 6; block 330, fraction of all; and block 331, S ½ of all	21 00
Stephens, Margaret A	Block 253, N ½ of lot 3	3 75
Sindinger, Henry	Couch Addition, block 60, lot 7	4 50
Stefin, J F	Caruthers' Addition, block B, W ½ of lot 5	1 31
Scott, E B, Heirs of	Block 8, lots 1, 2, 7 and 8	20 25
St. Helen's Mill Company	Carter's Addition, Block C, lots 1 and 2 in subdivision 26; and Block 327, lots 5 and 6	6 75
Stephenson, J	Couch Addition, building on block 64, lot 5	2 25
Thompson, John	Block 58, E 25 feet of lots 5 and 6	7 50
Tucker, Annie S	Caruthers' Addition, block G, lot 100x100 feet in N W corner	2 25
Thompson, Mrs	Block 234, lots 4, 5 and 6	90
Vautier, Susan	Couch Addition, block 63, lot 6	2 48
Wood, T A	Block 186, N 10 feet of lots 5 and S 40 feet of 6; and block 112, S 25 feet of lot 5	1 13
Woodward, Tyler	Couch Addition, block 29, lot 6	15 00
Walsh, John E	Couch Addition, block 89, lot 2	3 75
Weiser, Wm	Improvement on block 11, N ½ of lot 2	15 00
Watkins, Wm	Block 7, lot 1	13 50
Whiting, J D	Couch Addition, block 118, undivided ½ of lots 6 and 7; Couch Addition, block 74, undivided ½ of lots 5 and 8; Couch Addition, block 74, undivided ½ of lots 6 and 7	7 31
West, John	Block 290, all	1 50
Williams, Mrs L	Caruthers' Addition, block 65, lot 3	1 13
Woodcock & Hoofman	Building on block 55, lot 1	3 75
Wiggington, Mrs	Block 144, undivided 1-9 of lots 7 and 8	2 25
Zimmerman, Wm	Couch Addition, block 135, W ½ of lots 2 and 3	6 38

The sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on the day above-named, and to be continued until all is sold.

J. H. LAPPEUS,
Chief of Police.

Portland, March 31, 1875.

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